

IBPS CLERK PRELIMS MODEL PAPER



ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Directions (1-5): find out the sentence to ~~whether~~ there is any grammatical error.

1. most operators are now grappling (1) / with the challenge (2) / of having to think (3) / totally different about the network (4) / NO error (5).
2. men and women are so different as (1) / chalk and cheese, especially when (2) / it comes to important things such as (3) / communication and understanding body language (4) / NO error (5).
3. who doesn't love to (1) / cuddle up for quilts near (2) / that cozy fireplace at home with a cup of coffee (3) / and an interesting book ? (4) / NO error (5).
4. one can never (1) / vouch for the quality (2) / about poultry in (3) / such a panic stricken situation (4) / NO error (5).
5. The ~~for~~ boyfriended (1) / the stork and (2) / acted like (3) / a very good friend (4) / NO error (5).

Direction (6-10): Rearrange the following six sentences.

- A) When these millennium development goals were first formulated in 1990, 93.5 percent of all indian children were malnourished.
- B) This would still be below the target of reducing malnourishment to 28.6 %.
- C) India has been moderately successful in reducing poverty.
- D) Since then, progress has been slow.
- E) Today, it is estimated that malnourishment could decline to 40% by the end of 2015.
- F) However, eradicating hunger along with malnourishment still remains a key challenge, according to the millennium development Goals.

6. Which of the following should be the second sentence after rearrangement?
 1) A 2) B 3) C 4) D 5) F
7. Which of the following be the Last (sixth) sentence?
 1) A 2) F 3) D 4) C 5) B
8. Which of the following be the first sentence?
 1) A 2) B 3) C 4) D 5) E
9. Which of the following be the fourth sentence?
 1) A 2) B 3) C 4) F 5) D
10. Which of the following be the Third sentence?
 1) A 2) B 3) F 4) D 5) F

Direction (11-20) :- cloze test.

Realizing the pile-up of (11) food where millions go to bed on empty stomachs in the country, the UN has announced theme of this year's world Environment day (WED) as 'Think, Eat, save' to raise awareness about this environmental and social problem. The event also wants to ~~send~~ ⁽¹²⁾ individuals to take strong action in their daily food choices. World over, more than 20,000 children under the age of five die of malnutrition everyday whereas the global reports have put the food wastage at 30 to 50 percent from the farms to our plates. While ever increasing (13) would require more food, we cannot think of ways to produce it with the technology at our disposal today as the land available for (14) is limited. This in a matter of 70 years, it would be a situation of all available resources to fill our stomachs. Painting the grim picture, the scientists warn that farm (15) had already reached plateau due to chemical abuse of soil and after a point, it is impossible to get more (16).

Since 1960s, the agricultural land has expanded by 12 percent. Where by the same time, population has grown by 10 percent annually. As they predict, the future wars would be fought to control resources such

food and water. What's the way out? The world produces 4 billion tons of food every year that is enough for the global population. But the food does not reach to the (17) as the UN's food and agriculture organization (FAO) blames this failure on wastage. We need to check our consumption and take what we need. We see wastage of food especially in public functions where the (18) are colossal. Such habits can be corrected to (19) the culture of zero-wastage, as one need to understand how much ~~can be corrected to~~ the ~~cutting~~ water, resources and man hours are invested to produce one kg of vegetables or grains. Earlier an entire food chain consisting of stray animals and birds was sustained on the leftovers but when we start throwing the food in plastic bags, it ends up into animals stomach that causes their (20) deaths.

11. 1) wasted 2) stale 3) grew 4) marketed 5) stored
12. 1) revitalize 2) strengthen 3) recommend 4) update 5) encourage
13. 1) public 2) pollution 3) humanity 4) population 5) society.
14. 1) farming 2) living 3) culture 4) grazing 5) working
15. 1) Abundance 2) productivity 3) gain 4) manufacturing 5) fruitfulness
16. 1) consequence 2) gathering 3) season 4) intake 5) harvest
17. 1) Affluent 2) needy 3) malnourishment 4) laudable 5) exhausted
18. 1) pieces 2) excess 3) leftovers 4) debris 5) remainder.
19. 1) impress 2) inject 3) commit 4) instill 5) saturate
20. 1) irritated 2) tedious 3) painful 4) tender 5) extreme.

Direction (24-30): Read the information and answer the questions.

In India, live in a relationship have been a taboo right since the British Raj. However, this is no longer entirely true amongst young couples in big cities like Bangalore, Mumbai, Delhi, etc. However, one can not deny that maintaining such relationships in most of the country's rural areas would be

nothing but to invite loads of unwanted attention, or may be even trouble. The government, however has been taking various measures for the past few years (especially after the intervention from the judiciary) to protect the interest of female live in partners. in one such move, the government had extended economic rights to women in live in relation under the protection of women from domestic violence Act 2005.

Similarly, the maharashtra state government in 2008 granted a proposal suggesting a woman maharashtra state involved in cohabitation for a 'reasonable period' should be given the status of a wife. in the same year, the ministry of woman and child development was urged by the national commission of woman to include female live in partners in the definition of wife as described in the section 195 of cr.p.c. The objective of this recommendation was to harmonize various other sections of law with the protection of women [Court recommended that this be taken from domestic violence Act, 2005. Justice mali-math committee of the Supreme Court recommended that this be turn into a law by all states. The committee had observed that 'if man and woman are living together as husband and wife for a reasonable long period. the man shall be deemed to have married the woman.' The mali math committee also recommended that the word 'wife under cr.p.c. be amended to include any 'woman living with a man like his wife'. in the royal kataria v. superintendent Nari Niketan Kondri vihar Agra and others trial (2002), the Allahabad High Court ruled that 'a lady of about 21 years of age being a major has right to go any where and that anyone similarly, in patel and others case of 2006, the apex court had observed that cohabitation between an adult male and an adult woman without formal marriage should not be considered as an offence. in another case just two years late, supreme court ruled that if any unmarried couple of opposite sexes live together for a prolonged period of time, they can be considered as man and wife. Also and the their child, if any, would be legitimate.

21. Find the incorrect statement(s) on the basis of the given passage?

- 1) The Supreme Court of India had thrown its weight behind live-in relationships.
- 2) Cohabitation has turned into a rare pattern amongst people.
- 3) The courts do not have the legal power to override the decision related to social welfare.
- 4) Both 2 and 3.
- 5) All of the above.

22. According to the passage, which of the following can be said about the cohabitation in India?

- 1) Living together should be punished in India.
- 2) Living together should.
- 3) Young couples try to know each other better in live-in relationships before marriage.
- 4) Women in such relationships are often safe.
- 5) All of the above.
- 6) None of these.

23. Which of the following is possibly the most appropriate title for the passage?

- 1) Live-in relationships in India.
- 2) Stability in live-in relationships.
- 3) Live-in relationship is immoral.
- 4) Marriage-like live-in relationship.
- 5) Laws on relationship.

24. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

- 1) Cohabitation should be the basic right.
- 2) Cohabitation is an offence.
- 3) There are some specific reasons why a couple may want to live together.
- 4) The social fabric of India is drastically different, but the judiciary's effort to protect the interests of people living in live-in relationships is definitely a welcome step for the greater benefits of the society.
- 5) None of these.

25. Which of the following is a disadvantage of live in relationship?
- 1) Rights, obligations and responsibilities of both parties are not clearly defined.
 - 2) There are no strong legal provisions for securing the future of children born from live in relationships.
 - 3) They can test their compatibility as a couple.
 - 4) Both 1 and 3.
 - 5) Both 1 and 2.
26. Most similar meaning of Deemed?
- 1) Assumed
 - 2) Reckoned
 - 3) Estimated
 - 4) Credited
 - 5) Misconceived.
27. Most similar meaning of Cohabitation?
- 1) Miscommunication
 - 2) Affinity
 - 3) Coitus
 - 4) Compatibility
 - 5) Familiarity.
28. Most opposite meaning of Taboo?
- 1) OK
 - 2) Allowed
 - 3) Thinkable
 - 4) Outbowed
 - 5) Forbidden
29. 'Harmonize' opposite meaning?
- 1) Disagree
 - 2) Fight
 - 3) Unify
 - 4) Cohere
 - 5) Tune
30. Prolonged opposite meaning?
- 1) Protracted
 - 2) Sustained
 - 3) Delayed
 - 4) Shortened
 - 5) Continued.

English Answers

- | | | | | |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1. 4) | 2. 5) | 3. 3) | 4. 3) | 5. 5) |
| 6. 1) | 7. 2) | 8. 3) | 9. 2) | 10. 4) |
| 11. 1) | 12. 5) | 13. 4) | 14. 1) | 15. 2) |
| 16. 5) | 17. 2) | 18. 3) | 19. 4) | 20. 3) |
| 21. 4) | 22. 2) | 23. 1) | 24. 4) | 25. 5) |
| 26. 1) | 27. 3) | 28. 2) | 29. 1) | 30. 4) |

Reasoning Ability

Direction (31-35): study the conclusion based on the given statement & answer.

1) only conclusion I true 2) only conclusion II true 3) both I and II true

4) either I or II is true 5) neither I nor II true

31. Statements : $L \leq V \leq O = D$

Conclusion : I. $D = L$ II. $L < D$

32. Statements : $O < P > I = U < N$

Conclusion : I. $O < U$ II. $P > N$

33. Statements : $J = C > Y = K < A$

Conclusion : I. $A > C$ II. $K < J$

34. Statements : $R > F \geq T = I > M$

Conclusion : I. $R > I$ II. $F \geq M$

35. Statements : $H \leq A < B > W ; S = B$

Conclusion : I. $S > H$ II. $W < H$

Direction (36-40): solve the conclusions logically from the given statements.

1) if only conclusion I follows 2) if only conclusion II follows.

3) Both conclusions I & II follows. 4) either conclusion I or II follows

5) Neither conclusion I nor II follows.

36. Statements :

No post is mail

All mails are letters

Some posts are ~~offices~~ offices.

Conclusion :

I. Some offices are letters II. No letter is a post.

37. Statements :

All numbers are digits

Some digits are letters

All letters are Alphabets.

Conclusion :

I. All numbers are Alphabets

II. Some alphabets are digits.

38. statements : some cells are tissues All tissues are bones
 NO bone is a ligament.

Conclusion :
 I. NO ligament is a cell
 II. At least some bones are cells.

39. statements : some schools are colleges no school is a nursery
 All nurseries are playgrounds

Conclusion :
 I. NO playground is a school
 II. At least some colleges are playgrounds.

40. statements : All metals are plastics All plastics are cloth
 All cloth are threads

Conclusion :
 I. All metals are threads.
 II. All plastics are threads.

Direction (41-45) : Letters followed by the numbers and symbols.

Letters	A	D	O	U	S	P	N	F	L	T	W	K	Z	Q
Numbers/ symbols.	5	%	6	1	\$	8	&	4	7	#	@	2	+	3

Conditions :

- i) if the first letter is a consonant and the last element is a vowel, then the consonant is to be coded as *
- ii) if both the first and last elements are vowels, then the last vowel is to be coded as the code for the fourth element.
- iii) if the group of elements does not contain any vowel, third element is to be coded as the code for the last element.

41. OTWDSA

- 1) 6#@%. \$%. 2) %.@#%.5%. 3) 6#@%. \$5 4) 6#@%. \$@ 5) 6#@5\$5

42. ENZQLA

- 1) 4&+373 2) 4&+575 3) 4*+375 4) 4k+375 5) *k+373

43. KPFLQU

- 1) *84731 2) 284731 3) *84732 4) 28473* 5) *8473*

44. WTDKNP

- 1) @#8&28 2) @#%.2&8 3) @#2&%. 4) @#%.2&2 5) @#82&8

45. KRZLTP

- 1) 2+7#%.7 2) 2+8#%.8 3) *+7#%.8 4) #+82%.8 5) 2+7#%.8

Direction (46-50) : study the information and answer the question. (All codes are two letters)

Be one good human is written as ay ch ke dm

all are good people is written as ch bs ha lg

all human are friends is written as ha dm bs ts

be friends with people is written as si lg ay ts

46. what is the code for 'good' in the given code language?

- 1) ig 2) dm 3) ch 4) ay 5) None of these.

47. what is the code for 'human' in the given code language?

- 1) dm 2) ke 3) ch 4) ay 5) kj

48. which of the following possibly means "all are together"?

- 1) bs wr ha 2) ha dm ay 3) ha wr sl 4) ha ts bs 5) ay dm bs

49. what does code for 'ts'?

- 1) with 2) are 3) friends 4) one 5) be

50. In the given code language what does the code 'lg' stand for?

- 1) people 2) either all or are 3) with 4) friends 5) good.

Direction (51-55): Study the information and answer the questions.

Eight family members P, Q, R, S, T, U, V and W are sitting around a circular table but not necessarily in the same order some of them are facing the centre while some are facing outside (i.e. opposite to the centre).

T is the son of V. T sits second to the left of W. W faces centre. only two people sit between W and R. No female is an immediate neighbour of R.

S sits third to the right of his wife Q. Q is not an immediate neighbour of W. Both the immediate neighbours of P face outside. U the daughter of P is one of the immediate neighbours of P.

only one person sits between P and the brother of P. The brother of V sits second to his right. T's wife sits to his immediate left.

S and P face a direction opposite to that of T. (ie if T face centre then both S and P face outside and vice versa).

51. Who among the following sit exactly between U and V when counted from the left of V?

- 1) Q 2) T 3) P 4) W 5) R.

52. How many people sit between Q and V's daughter-in-law when counted from the left of Q?

- 1) Four 2) Three 3) None 4) Two 5) One.

53. Who sits immediate left of U?

- 1) U's father 2) U's uncle 3) U's daughter-in-law 4) W 5) T

54. Who among the following facing the centre?

- 1) Q 2) U 3) T 4) R 5) V

55. If it is given that W is married to P. then what is the position of W with respect to W's brother-in-law?

- 1) second to the left 2) second to the right 3) Third to the left
4) immediate neighbour (right) 5) Third to the right.

Study the information and Answer the question.

Nine persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H and J lives in a building but not necessarily in the same order. Each of them have different colours of cars - Blue, Gray, white, black, yellow, green, red, violet and pink. but not necessarily in the same order. Ground floor numbered one and above floor is two and so on last top floor numbered 9.

H has black colour car and he lives on even numbered floor. A lives on even floor that is below from floor in which H lives. The person who has violet colour car lives on fourth floor. E lives on second floor and has white colour car. There are two floors between the floors on which car lives on third floor.

The person who has pink colour car lives on third floor.

A does not have green colour car. There are two floors between the floors on which the persons live having red and black colour car. C has Gray colour car. There are 3 floors between that floors in which C and G lives. D lives on the immediate above from floor that J lives floor. There is one floor between that floors in which F and G lives. F does not have pink colour car. The person who has blue colour car lives on top floor. F does not live on ground floor.

56. How many floors between that floors on which J and C lives?

- 1) one 2) two 3) none 4) three 5) more than three.

57. on which of the following floor G lives?

- 1) first 2) sixth 3) fifth 4) seventh 5) none of these.

58. which of the following live on top floor?

- 1) F 2) G 3) D 4) C 5) B

59. A has which of the following colour car?

- 1) violet 2) pink 3) yellow 4) blue 5) none of these.

60. Who lives between H and A?

- 1) B 2) G 3) C 4) F 5) none of these.

Direction (61-65): Study the information and answer.

F, G, H, I, J, K and L are seated in a straight line facing north, but not necessarily in the same order.

G sits third to the right of H. H sits at one of the extreme ends of the line. Only three people sit between G and I. K is one of the immediate neighbours of G. J sits second to left of F. L is not an immediate neighbour of F.

61. What is the position of L with respect to F?

- 1) Fourth to the right 2) Fifth to the left 3) second to the left
4) third to the right 5) second to the right.

62. Who among the following sits exactly between J & F?

- 1) I 2) G 3) K 4) F 5) H

63. How many persons are seated to left of J?

- 1) Four 2) none 3) one 4) two 5) three.

64. Point 'A' is 40 m to the south of point 'B'. Point 'C' is 20 m to the east of point 'A'. Point 'D' is 10 m to the south of point 'C'. Point 'D' is exactly midway between points 'E' and 'F' in such a manner that point 'E', 'D' and 'F' form a horizontal straight line of 40 m. Point 'E' is to the west of point 'D'. How far and in which direction point 'E' from point 'B'?

- 1) 50 m towards north 2) 40 m towards south 3) 40 m towards north
4) 50 m towards south 5) 10 m towards south.

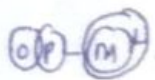
65. Which of the following does not belong to the group?

- 1) WF 2) SK 3) RD 4) TJ 5) YE.

Reasoning Answers

31. 3) 32. 2) 33. 2) 34. 2) 35. 5)

36. 5)



37. 2)



38. 2)



39. 5) P N S C

40. 3)



41. 5)

⇒ Condition ii) 1st and last elements are vowels.

42. 2)

⇒ Condition ii) 1st and last elements are vowels.

43. 1)

⇒ Condition i) 1st element consonant & last one vowel.

44. 5)

⇒ Condition iii) group does not contain any vowel.

45. 2)

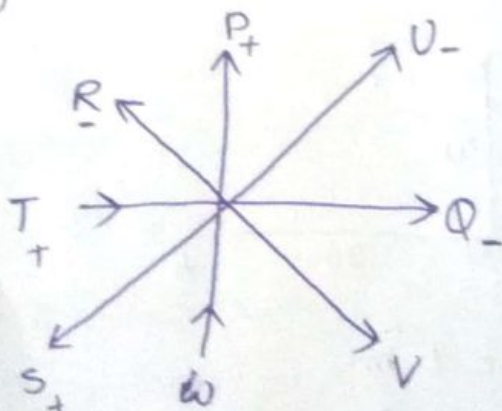
⇒ Condition iii) group does not contain any vowel.

Direction (46-50)

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------|
| be → ay | friends → ls |
| good → ch | with → si |
| human → dm | |
| one → ke | |
| people → lg | |
| all / axe → ha / bs | |

46. 3) 47. 1) 48. 1) 49. 3) 50. 1)

Direction (51-55)



$$Q_- = S - V$$

$$R_- = T_+ - P_+$$

51. 1) 52. 4) 53. 1) 54. 3) 55. 2)

direction (53-60):

- B 9 blue
- H 8 black
- F 7 green
- A 6 yellow.
- G 5 red
- J 4 violet
- D 3 pink
- E 2 white
- C 1 Gray.

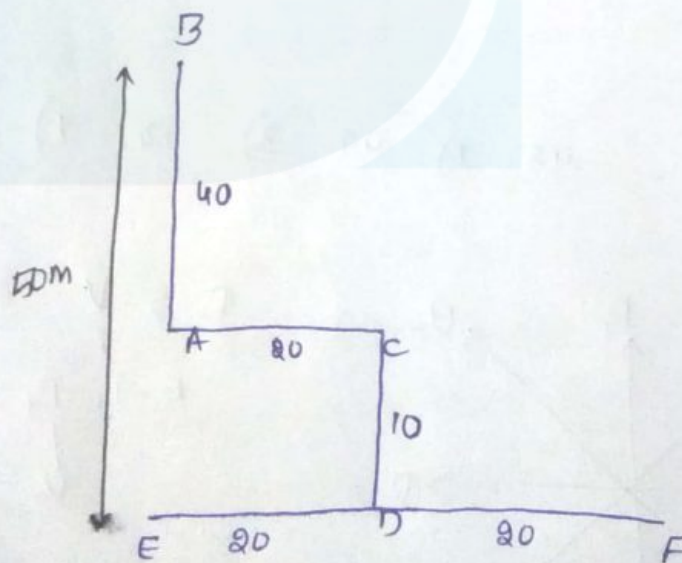
56. 1) 57. 3) 58. 5) 59. 3) 60. 4)

direction (61-63):-

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
H	L	K	G	J	F	F	I

61. 2) 62. 4) 63. 1)

64. 4)



65. 5) a b c d e f g h i j k l m
3 4 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 9

WF

Numerical Ability

direction (1-10): what will come in place of (?).

1. $1431 \div 27 = \frac{?^2 \times 12 - 336}{12}$

- 1) 7 2) 9 3) 3 4) 13 5) 11

2. $2\% \text{ of } 638 + 55 \times 450 = 550.86$

- 1) 54 2) 46 3) 48 4) 44 5) 52

3. $(7.8 \times 4.3 - 1.54) \div 1.6 = ?$

- 1) 20 2) 24 3) 22 4) 12 5) 16

4) $6 \frac{1}{12} + 7 \frac{3}{8} - ? = 8 \frac{5}{6}$

- 1) $3 \frac{7}{24}$ 2) $4 \frac{5}{8}$ 3) $5 \frac{1}{6}$ 4) $4 \frac{3}{4}$ 5) $3 \frac{5}{8}$

5) $250 \times \sqrt{7} - 5468 = 9035 - 2463$

- 1) 1649 2) 1742 3) 1744 4) 1886 5) 1966

6) $(27)^2 \times 6 \div 9 + (7)^3 + 71 = (?^3) - 432$

- 1) 11 2) $(13)^3$ 3) 13 4) $(11)^2$ 5) $\sqrt{11}$

7) $\left(\frac{4}{7} + 1 \frac{3}{7} + \frac{3}{4}\right) \text{ of } ? = 693$

- 1) 252 2) 308 3) 224 4) 564 5) 196

8) $\sqrt{108 \times 6 + 98 - 121} = ?^2$

- 1) 4 2) 3 3) 7 4) 8 5) 5

9) $(0.4 \times 450) \div 4 = 5 \times 3^?$

- 1) -2 2) 3 3) 2 4) 1 5) -3

10) $8^8 \times 7^2 \div \sqrt{196} - 143 = 3^?$

- 1) 4 2) 5 3) 2 4) 3 5) 6

Direction (11-15): What will come in place of (?)

11. 24 ? 12 18 36 90
 1) 8 2) 12 3) 9 4) 6 5) 4

12. 3 4 9 28 113 ?
 1) 534 2) 492 3) 528 4) 486 5) 566

13. 220 229 211 247 ? 319
 1) 175 2) 159 3) 164 4) 185 5) 193

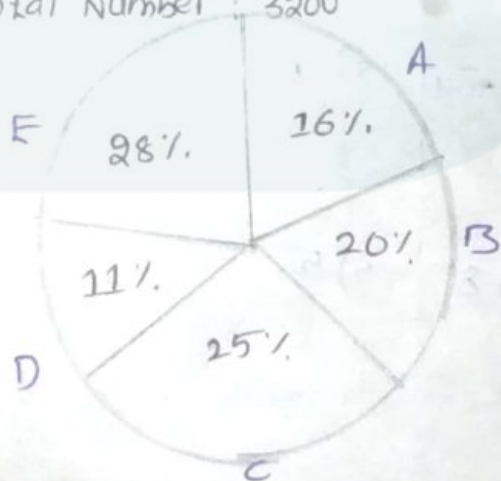
14. 17 18.6 21.8 28.2 41 ?
 1) 63.6 2) 69 3) 66.6 4) 65.4 5) 66.8

15. 141 143 149 161 ? 211
 1) 179 2) 185 3) 168 4) 181 5) 171

Direction (16-20): Refer pie chart and answers.

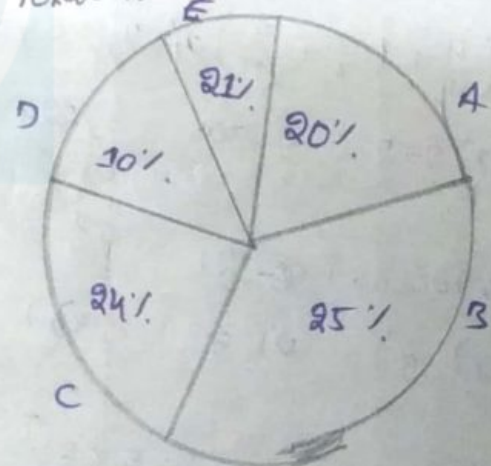
Distribution of number of employees (both female & male) in five organisations in 2011.

Total Number : 3200



Distribution of number of male employees in five organisations in 2011.

Total Number : 1800



16. What is the difference between total number of female employees in organisations A and B together and number of employees (both male and female) in organisation F?

1) 562 2) 552 3) 554 4) 548 5) 544

17. Number of female employees in organization D is what percent of the number of male employees in organization B?

- 1) $34\frac{2}{3}$ 2) $42\frac{4}{9}$ 3) $36\frac{4}{9}$ 4) $32\frac{1}{3}$ 5) $38\frac{2}{9}$

18. What is the average number of male employees in organization A, C and D?

- 1) 332 2) 316 3) 328 4) 318 5) 324

19. Number of female employees in organization C is what percent less than the number of employees (both male and female) in organization A?

- 1) $28\frac{1}{8}$ 2) $22\frac{3}{8}$ 3) $30\frac{1}{8}$ 4) $24\frac{5}{8}$ 5) $32\frac{3}{8}$

20. What is the central angle corresponding to number of employees (both male and female) in organization A?

- 1) 61.8° 2) 57.6° 3) 63.4° 4) 53.8° 5) 65.6°

Direction (21-25): study the table and answer.

data regarding total student strength (male & females) of colleges A and B in different years.

college year	A		B	
	% of males out of total strength	number of females out of total strength	% males out of total strength	number of females out of total strength
2001	75	600	65	700
2002	70	360	70	450
2003	80	320	75	700
2004	50	920	60	496

21. What was the total number of male students in colleges A and B together in the year 2003?

- 1) 3380 2) 3250 3) 3060 4) 3260 5) 3330

22. In the year 2003, what is the respective ratio of number of female students in college A and that in college B?

- 1) 16:35 2) 14:27 3) 15:26 4) 13:27 5) 16:25

23. What is the difference between the total number of male students in colleges A and B together in the year 2001 and total number of female students in the same colleges together in the year 2001?

- 1) 1820 2) 1800 3) 2000 4) 1600 5) 1850

24. What is the difference between average number of female students in colleges A and B in the year 2003 and the average number of female students in same colleges in the year 2004?

- 1) 198 2) 164 3) 172 4) 185 5) 214

25. In the year 2002, total number of student strength of college B was what percent more than that college A in the same year?

- 1) 15 2) 25 3) $20\frac{1}{5}$ 4) 30% 5) $30\frac{1}{5}$

Direction (26-35): Answer the following questions.

26. Present age of Ram is equal to Shyam's age 8 years ago. 6 years hence, the respective ratio between Shyam's age and Ram's age will be 6:5 at that time. What is Ram's present age?

- 1) 36 years 2) 40 years 3) 34 years 4) 24 years 5) 28 years

27. of the three numbers the average of the first and second number is greater than the average of second and third number by 11. what is the sum of the first and third numbers?
1) 88 2) 84 3) can't be determined 4) 96 5) 108.

28. A and B can independently finish a piece of work in 30 days and 40 days respectively. They started working together and after few days B left. After that A could finish the remaining work in 16 days. After how many days of working together B left?
1) 6 2) 10 3) 8 4) 12 5) 4

29. $\frac{8}{5}$ th of a number is two more than $\frac{1}{3}$ rd of another number. if the sum of the two numbers is 16. what is their product?
1) 30 2) 90 3) 60 4) 120 5) 150

30. A, B and C started a business by investing RS 36,000, RS 42,400 and RS. 28,800. at the end of the year C got RS. 9,900 as his share of Annual Profit then what is the total profit?
1) 37,750 2) 36,250 3) 38,950 4) 36,850 5) 38,450

31. Every month Srikanth spends 20% of his monthly income on paying bills and 30% of the remaining on purchasing household items. The remaining amount he invests in fixed deposits and mutual funds in the respective ratio of 9:5. if she invests 14,400 in fixed deposits every month, how much did he spend in a year of paying bills?

1) 76,000 2) 82,000 3) 84,000 4) 98,000 5) 96,000

- 31) 50 litres of mixture of Milk and water contains 32 litres of Milk. In that mixture we have to taken out 20 litres of mixture and is replaced by water. The percentage of the Milk in the final mixture is ?
- 1) 22.48% 2) 18.56% 3) 38.4% 4) 32.74% 5) 25.6%

- 32) A railway passenger counts the telegraph poles on the rail road as he passes them. The telegraph poles are at a distance of 60 metres. What will be his count in 5 hrs, if the Speed of the train is 30 kmph ?

- 1) 3600 2) 2500 3) 2800 4) 3400 5) 2600

- 33) The circumference of a circle is 10% more than the perimeter of a square. If the difference between the area of the circle and that of the square is 486 cm^2 , how much does the diagonal of the square measure (in cm)

- 1) $30\sqrt{2}$ 2) 22 3) 18 4) $10\sqrt{2}$ 5) $16\sqrt{2}$

- 34) A bag contains 3 Green balls, 6 red balls, 6 yellow balls. If 3 balls are picked at random, what is the probability that ~~one~~ ^{one} of them is green and two of them are yellow in colour ?

- 1) $\frac{11}{91}$ 2) $\frac{7}{91}$ 3) $\frac{14}{91}$ 4) $\frac{9}{91}$ 5) $\frac{13}{91}$

Numerical Ability Answers

1. 2) $\Rightarrow \frac{1431}{27} \times 12 + 336 = x^2 \times 12 \Rightarrow x = 9$

2. 3) $\Rightarrow \frac{7 \times 632}{100} = 550 + 86 - \frac{55 \times 450}{100} \Rightarrow x = 48$

3. 1) $\Rightarrow x = \left(\frac{78 \times 43}{100} - \frac{154}{100} \right) \times \frac{10}{16} \Rightarrow x = 20$

4. 2) $\Rightarrow \frac{73}{12} + \frac{59}{8} - \frac{53}{6} = x \Rightarrow \frac{146 + 177 - 212}{24} = x \Rightarrow x = 4\frac{5}{8}$

5. 1) $\Rightarrow 280 \times \sqrt{x} = 12040 \Rightarrow \sqrt{x} = 43 \Rightarrow x = 1849$

6. 1) $\Rightarrow \frac{27 \times 27 \times 6}{9} + 343 + 77 + 432 = x^3 \Rightarrow x^3 = (11)^3 \Rightarrow x = 11$

7. 1) $\Rightarrow \left(\frac{4}{7} + \frac{10}{7} + \frac{3}{4} \right) \times x = 693 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} = \frac{77}{28} \times \frac{1}{693} \Rightarrow x = 252$

8. 5) $\Rightarrow \sqrt{648 + 98 - 121} = x^2 \Rightarrow x = 5$

9. 3) $\Rightarrow \frac{4}{10} \times \frac{450}{4} = 5 \times 3^x \Rightarrow 3^x = 9 \Rightarrow x = 2$

10. 1) $\Rightarrow \frac{64 \times 49}{14} - 143 = 3^x \Rightarrow 3^x = 81 \Rightarrow x = 4$

11. 2) $\Rightarrow x0.5, x1, x1.5, x2, x2.5$

12. 5) $\Rightarrow x1+1, x2+1, x3+1, x4+1, x5+1$

13. 1) $\Rightarrow 9, 18, 36, 72, 144$

14. 3) $\Rightarrow 1.6, 3.2, 6.4, 12.8, 25.6$

15. 4) $\Rightarrow 2, 6, 12, 20, 30$

16. 3) \Rightarrow

$E(\text{both})$ $1 \rightarrow 32$ $28 \rightarrow 896$	$A(\text{female})$ $1 \rightarrow 32$ $16 \rightarrow 512$ $512 - 360 = 152$	$B(\text{male})$ $1 \rightarrow 18$ $20 \rightarrow 360$ $640 - 450 = 190$	$E - (A+B)$ $= 896 - 342$ $= 554$
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7. 5) \Rightarrow

$B(\text{male})$ $= 450$	$D(\text{female})$ $1 \rightarrow 32$ $11 \rightarrow 352$ $352 - 160 = 192$	$\frac{172}{450} \times 100 = 38\frac{2}{9}$
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$$18. 5) \Rightarrow A=360 \mid B=160 \mid C=1 \rightarrow 18 \Rightarrow \frac{360+160+432}{3} = 324$$

$$19. 1) \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} c \text{ (female)} \\ 1 \rightarrow 32 \\ 25 \rightarrow 800 \\ 800 - 432 = 368 \end{array} \mid A=512 \mid \frac{512-368}{512} \times 100 = 29 \frac{1}{8}$$

$$20. 2) \Rightarrow \text{Central angle } A = 16 \times 3.6 \Rightarrow 57.6'$$

$$21. 1) \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} 2003 \rightarrow A \\ 80 \rightarrow 320 \\ 80 \rightarrow 2560 \\ \hline \rightarrow 1280 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} B \\ 25 \rightarrow 700 \\ 75 \rightarrow 2100 \\ \hline \rightarrow 2800 \end{array} \Rightarrow \frac{2100 - 1280}{3380}$$

$$22. 1) \Rightarrow 320 : 700 \Rightarrow 16 : 35$$

$$23. 2) \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} 2001 \text{ (male)} \\ A \\ 25 \rightarrow 600 \\ 75 \rightarrow 1800 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} B \\ \text{female} = A+B = 600+700 = 1300 \\ 35 \rightarrow 700 \\ 65 \rightarrow 1300 \end{array} \Rightarrow (1800+1300) - 1300 \Rightarrow 1800$$

$$24. 1) \Rightarrow A+B \text{ female } 2003 \text{ Avg} = \frac{1020}{2} = 510 \Rightarrow 708 - 510 = 198$$

$$A+B \text{ female } 2004 \text{ Avg} = \frac{1416}{2} = 708$$

$$25. 2) \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} B \text{ in } 2002 \\ 30 \rightarrow 360 \\ 100 \rightarrow 1200 \end{array} \mid \begin{array}{l} B \text{ in } 2002 \\ 30 \rightarrow 450 \\ 100 \rightarrow 1500 \end{array} \mid \Rightarrow \frac{300}{1200} \times 100 = 25\%$$

$$26. 3) \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} 6:5 \Rightarrow 6 \text{ yrs hence} \\ I \rightarrow 8 \\ 6 \rightarrow 48 \\ 5 \rightarrow 40 \end{array} \Rightarrow \text{present age } Bm = 34 \text{ years.}$$

$$27. 3) \Rightarrow \left(\frac{A+B}{2} \right) - \left(\frac{B+C}{2} \right) = 11 \Rightarrow A-C = 22 \text{ we can't find } \underline{A+C}$$

$$28. 3) \Rightarrow 30, 40 \rightarrow 120$$

$$\begin{array}{l} A \rightarrow 4 \\ B \rightarrow 3 \\ \hline 7 \end{array} \Rightarrow A \rightarrow 16 \times 4 = 64 \Rightarrow 120 - 64 = 56$$

$$\Rightarrow 7 \rightarrow \frac{8}{56} \Rightarrow B = 8 \text{ days left.}$$

$$29. 3) \Rightarrow \frac{2}{5}x - \frac{1}{3}y = 2 \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} 6x - 5y = 30 \text{ --- (1)} \\ x + y = 16 \text{ --- (2)} \end{array} \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{from (1) \& (2)} \\ \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} x = 10, y = 6 \\ x \times y = 10 \times 6 = 60 \end{array}$$

$$30. 5) \Rightarrow 360 : 424 : 288 \Rightarrow 45 : 53 : 36 \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} 36 \rightarrow 9900 \\ 134 \rightarrow 38,450 \end{array}$$

$$31. 5) \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{Remaining} \\ 100 \rightarrow 80 \\ 20 \rightarrow 24 \end{array} \Rightarrow 80 - 24 = 56 \Rightarrow 9 : 5 = 56$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 14 \rightarrow 56 \\ 9 \rightarrow 36 \\ 5 \rightarrow 20 \end{array} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} 36 \rightarrow 14,400 \\ 20 \rightarrow 8000 \end{array}$$

per year $\Rightarrow 8000 \times 12 = 96,000/-$

$$32. 3) \Rightarrow 50L$$

$$\frac{m}{32} \quad \frac{w}{18} \Rightarrow 64\% \text{ of } 60\% \Rightarrow 38.4$$

$$64\% \quad 36\%$$

$$33. 2) \Rightarrow \frac{30,000 \times 5}{6} = 2500$$

$$34. 1) \Rightarrow 2TR = \frac{110}{100} \times 4a \Rightarrow \frac{22}{7} \times 2 \times r = \frac{110}{100} \times 4a \Rightarrow r = \frac{7}{10} a$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi r^2 a^2 = 486 \Rightarrow \frac{22}{7} \times \frac{7}{10} \times \frac{7}{10} \times a^2 a^2 = 486 \Rightarrow a^2 = 900 \Rightarrow a = 30$$

diagonal $a\sqrt{2} = 30\sqrt{2}$.

$$35. 4) \Rightarrow \frac{3C_1 \times 6C_2}{15C_3} \Rightarrow \frac{3 \times \frac{6 \times 5}{2}}{15 \times 14 \times 13} = \frac{9}{91}$$