

# CRPF jawans donate blood, save 'Naxal'

## 'Maoist' Woman Was Shot At During Encounter With Forces in Jharkhand

Jamshedpur: Three CRPF personnel donated blood to help save the life of an alleged Naxal woman, who was shot during an encounter in West Singhbhum district on February 14, a police officer said.

Superintendent of police Chandan Kumar Jha said police had received specific information that around 24 Maoists, led by Kande Honhaga, the self-styled sub-zonal commander of the ultra group, had assembled to execute a "plan".

A team of security forces pooled from 174 and 60 battalions of the CRPF and the district police, headed by additional superintendent of police (Ops) Manish Raman,

**ASI Pankaj Sharma, head constable Bichitra Kumar Swain and constable Birbahadur Yadav donated blood to help save the life of the woman who was found profusely bleeding during an encounter in West Singhbhum district of Jharkhand on Thursday**

rushed to the spot between Muffasil and Goikera police stations of the district.

Not heeding the security forces' call for surrender, the Maoists triggered a landmine blast and started firing, Jha said. The security personnel surrounded the jungle from two sides but the Maoists kept firing at them, forcing a retaliation.

The Naxals made a hasty retreat, buckling under pres-

sure, he said. The security personnel then spotted a profusely bleeding woman during a search operation launched by them. She had suffered a bullet wound on her left leg, he said, adding that she was rushed to Sonua Primary Health Centre before being shifted to Sadar Hospital, Chaibasa. The woman was later referred to M G M Hospital for better treatment.

Raman said assistant sub-

inspector of police Pankaj Sharma, head constable Bichitra Kumar Swain and constable Birbahadur Yadav donated blood to help save her life.

In course of the search operation, the security personnel demolished a Naxal camp in the jungle and destroyed a large quantity of explosive materials, Jha said.

The police also seized 57 rounds of live cartridges of different bore, including 30, from the injured woman.

She told the police that around 25 Naxals led by Honhaga had gathered in the jungle to execute some plan and had taken her rifle away before escaping, he said.

# World Bank approves ₹11k cr for improving safety of dams

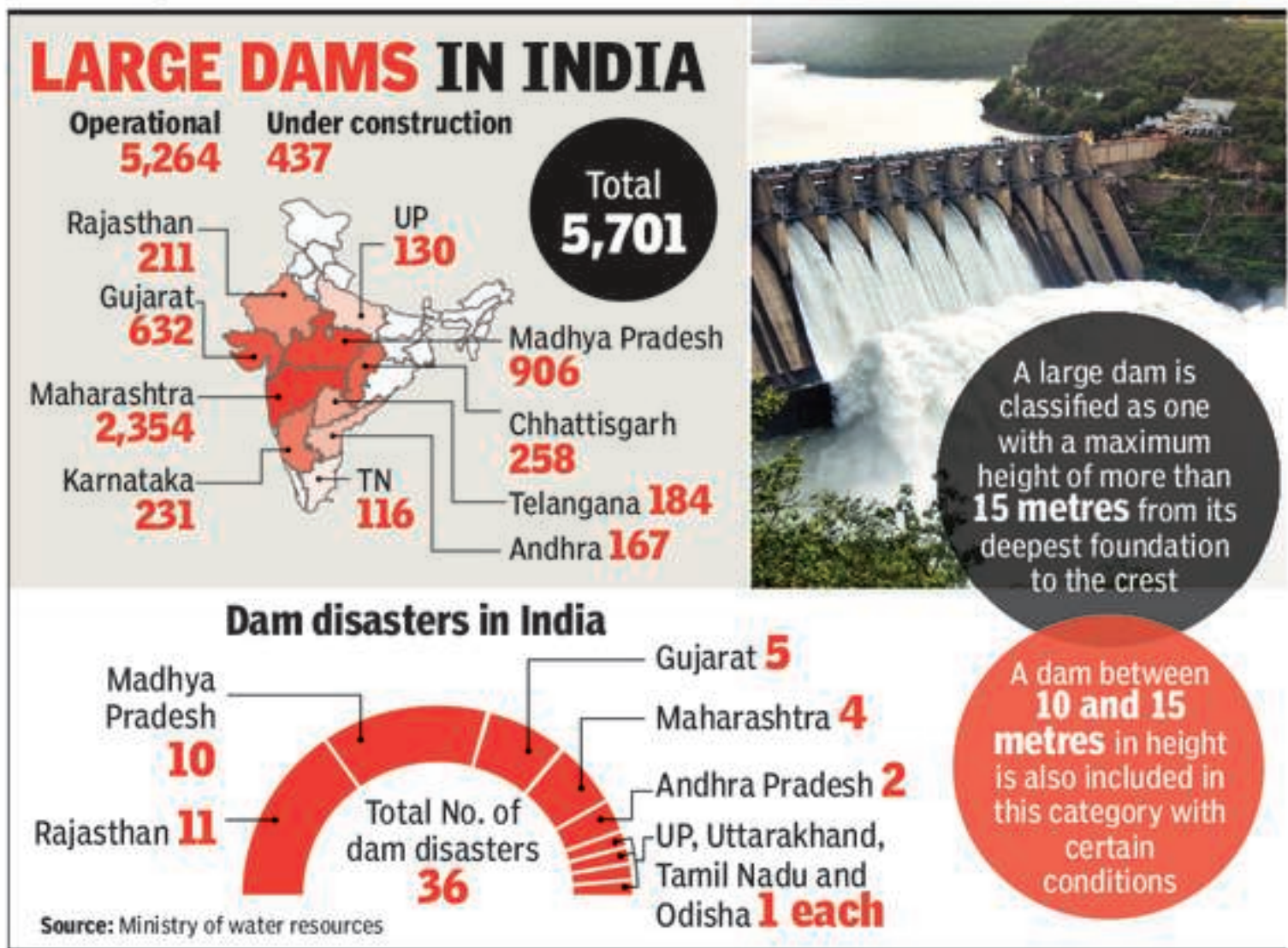
## Plan Will Cover 733 Large Dams Across 18 States Over Next 10 Years

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New Delhi: The World Bank has accepted a proposal to provide Rs 11,000 crore to India to improve safety and operational performance of its 733 large dams across 18 states over the next 10 years.

The money will be utilised under the ongoing Dam Rehabilitation and Improvement Programme (DRIP) for its subsequent phases beginning 2020. Besides operation, maintenance and emergency action plans, the programme will also focus on revenue generation at dams through tourism, fisheries, water recreations and solar and hydro power.

"The World Bank's country director confirmed the acceptance of the proposal to provide Rs 11,000 crore to rehabilitate over 700 dams during Phase-II & III of the DRIP while speaking at the International Dam Safety Conference, concluded in Bhubaneswar on Thursday," said S Masood Husain, chairman of the Central Water Commission (CWC). Husain told TOI on Saturday that the World Bank has found India's work under on-going DRIP "satisfactory". India has currently 5,264



Source: Ministry of water resources

operational large dams, but 80% of them are over 25 years old and in need of maintenance and safety upgradation. As many as 213 large dams in India are over 100 years old.

Keeping past dam disasters in mind, the government had in 2012 launched DRIP aimed at improving safety and operational standards of 198 large dams in seven states —

Uttarakhand, Jharkhand, Karnataka, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Odisha and Tamil Nadu — by June next year.

The major dams which are to be covered under Phase-II & III of the DRIP include Bhakra dam (Himachal Pradesh), Srisailem (Telangana), Koyna and Jayakwadi (Maharashtra), Matatila, Ramganga and Raj Ghat (UP), Pong dam (HP),

A large dam is classified as one with a maximum height of more than 15 metres from its deepest foundation to the crest

A dam between 10 and 15 metres in height is also included in this category with certain conditions

Ukai (Gujarat), Rana Pratap Sagar and Mahi (Rajasthan), Hirakud and Rengali (Odisha) and Umiyam (Meghalaya).

The government had initially proposed Rs 7,000 crore for the subsequent phases of the DRIP. But, later it revised it to nearly Rs 11,000 crore after getting estimates from states and central agencies including CWC.

# Constant attempts to deride democratic institutions dent public faith in them

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Our Constitution and its institutions have attached supreme importance to fundamental rights of citizens. Rightly so, for without them a democracy for the people, of the people and by the people becomes meaningless. Fundamental rights, liberally interpreted and expanded by the Supreme Court, especially after 1976 to atone for its blunder in the AD M Jabalpur case, guarantee a dignified life to citizens.

The 1976 judgment, which had upheld suspension of all fundamental rights during Emergency, gave way to a new era of judicial activism that strived for protection of these rights. This era of liberal interpretation of fundamental rights commenced with the seven-judge constitution bench's Maneka Gandhi verdict (1978 SC (2) 621), when the SC ruled that right to life did not mean mere animal existence, but a life with dignity.

If we, the people of India, while framing the Constitution made fundamental rights sacrosanct, we forgot to lay stress on another important aspect — citizens' fundamental duties. We provided ourselves with Article 32 to reach the SC to remedy even a suspicion about infringement of fundamental rights. But we did not make it mandatory for citizens to value our institutions and contribute towards enriching constitutional values.

We freely organise protests exercising our right to free speech and expression. But when such protests turn ugly, break law and destroy public

property, no consequence befalls those guilty of breaching fundamental duties.

Article 51A of the Constitution talks of fundamental duties of a citizen, which include respecting ideals of the Constitution and its institutions and safeguarding public property — two most abused duties. Constitutional institutions, which lend strength to democracy by protecting democratic values and constitutional goals, are today the target of systematic abuse.

The SC, Comptroller and Auditor General, the armed forces and every constitutional post holder are going through a torrid time when a certain section of the intelligentsia and politicians freely

### LEGALLY SPEAKING

and scurrilously attribute motive to their decisions, weighing them on the scale of "if you do not agree with us, then you are wrong/corrupt/stooge of government".

Such deliberate and calibrated insinuation against constitutional institutions strike at the root of public faith in constitutional bodies and affect democracy's vitals. When constitutional and democratic institutions weaken, it becomes difficult for the country to respond appropriately and adequately to emergent situations.

Maintaining institutional integrity by selecting competent persons to head important posts is indeed very important for retaining public faith in these institutions. But it is equally important for all sections of public to re-

spect the institutions and constitutional post holders. Mistakes committed by the institutions and constitutional post holders need to be criticised. But attribution of mala fide and motive to every decision which is to the dislike of a vocal section of population acts like acid to the roots of institutions which nourish the branches and foliage of a great tree called democracy.

Take for example the recent SC decision on the fight between the Centre and the AAP government over administrative control over several wings of governance. The verdict was not to the liking of AAP. One is free to criticise the verdict and the logic behind it.

But a responsible AAP Member of Parliament posted a barrage of derisive tweets demeaning the SC. He insinuated, "Can the Supreme Court not give a verdict against Modi's will? There was open corruption in Rafale. Centre told a lie to SC, but SC is silent? Did SC give a verdict on CBI or crack a joke? (It) played with the sentiments of crores of people of Delhi, is it Supreme Court or naibtehsildar court?"

Many voters blindly believe their elected representatives. Did the AAP MP's tweets reflect a proper understanding of the SC judgment or lack of it? Did it amount to lowering the dignity of the SC in the eyes of the public for political one-upmanship? Will it weaken public faith in the SC? He is not alone in this. There are many spread in various professions who have made it their business to constantly hammer at the credibility of democratic and constitutional institutions that

will ultimately chisel away the sheen of democracy and fill public mind with doubts.

This is what possibly was playing on the mind of Constituent Assembly president Rajendra Prasad when he moved adoption of the Constitution in November 1949 and said, "Whatever the Constitution may or may not provide, the welfare of the country will depend upon the way in which the country is administered. That will depend upon the men who administer it... If the people who are elected are capable and men of character and integrity, they will be able to make the best even of a defective Constitution."

"If they are lacking in these, the Constitution cannot help the country. After all, a Constitution, like a machine, is a lifeless thing. It acquires life because of the men who control it and operate it, and India needs today nothing more than a set of honest men who will have the interest of the country before them. There is a fissiparous tendency arising out of various elements in our life. We have communal differences, caste differences, language differences, provincial differences and so forth. It requires men of strong character, men of vision, men who will not sacrifice the interests of the country at large for the sake of smaller groups and areas and who will rise over the prejudices which are born of these differences. We can only hope that the country will throw up such men in abundance."

Today, the hopes of India's first President stands belied and his fears have come true.

# Argentine Prez's visit to boost economic, tech ties

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New Delhi: It may be Mauricio Macri's first visit to India but the Argentine president has met PM Narendra Modi at least three times in the past year. Macri's visit, Argentina's ambassador to India Daniel Chuburu said, was intended to raise the bilateral relationship in key areas — agriculture, energy (fossil fuel and renewables), mining and high technology such as space.

Speaking to TOI, Chuburu said, "We want to step up the quality of the relationship. We need better quality, more strategic relationship." The two countries have a number of common interests which they want to advance, he said. After 70 years of strong political relationship, the envoy said the focus this time would be on improving the economic and technology relationship.

Macri will meet Modi and be hosted at a banquet by President Ram Nath Kovind on Monday. He is expected to be in Mumbai on Tuesday for business-related appointments. In a significant development, Argentina and India will hold their first nuclear talks by a joint nuclear group in Mumbai this week. "We would like to partner with India on peaceful uses of nuclear energy," Chuburu said. Argentina played an important role in trying to get India into the Nuclear Suppliers Group (NSG) before the process was thwarted by China. Chuburu said Argentina also wanted to partner with India on nano satellites and in space technology, "particularly in the area of building satellites".

# PM unveils projects in Bihar worth ₹33,000cr

Barauni/Patna: Prime Minister Narendra Modi Sunday inaugurated and laid the foundation stone of projects worth over Rs 33,000 crore in Bihar, including the long-awaited Patna Metro Rail Project.

Laying the foundation stone of the metro project through a remote at a function at Barauni in Begusarai district, Modi said, "I congratulate the people of Patna, because Pataliputra (the ancient name of Patna) is now connected to the metro rail."

Modi said the Rs 13,000 crore metro project is being developed in keeping with the future needs of the people. The metro projects will give new speed to Patna city, he said.

The PM inaugurated the first phase of River Front Development at Patna and the Patna City Gas Distribution project. Modi laid the foundation stone for medical colleges at Chhapra and Purnea and also for the upgradation of the government medical colleges at Bhaugapur and Gaya. While Chhapra and Purnea will now have medical colleges, the ones in Bhaugapur and Gaya would have upgraded facilities, he said.

Modi also said that work is going on for establishing another All India Institute of Medical Sciences (AIIMS) in the state besides the existing one in Patna.

## THE PROPERTIES OF YOUR DREAM IN NCR AT ALWAR (RAJASTHAN)

### SCHOOL LAND H.K.M. NAGAR BLOCK (C) ALWAR

LAND AREA = 5245.0 SQMT.

MINIMUM AUCTION PRICE = 7000/- PER SQMT. RESERVE PRICE = 24000/- PER SQMT. (For Lease calculation) Earnest Money (EMD) :- 10 Lacs

**Salient Features :-**

- Scheme is fully developed & situated at Alwar- Behror road
- Just 3.5 K.M. From Railway Station.
- Place situated in centre of the colony near central park

### SCHOOL LAND BUDHA VIHAR BLOCK (E) ALWAR

LAND AREA = 2305.0 SQMT.

MINIMUM AUCTION PRICE = 7000/- PER SQMT. RESERVE PRICE = 48000/- PER SQMT. (For Lease calculation) Earnest Money (EMD) :- 10 Lacs

**Salient Features :-**

- Scheme is fully developed & situated at Alwar- Behror road
- Just 3.6 K.M. From Railway Station.
- Place situated in centre of the colony

### COMMERCIAL MALL THE HEART OF CITY 'DISTRICT CENTER' (GANDHI NAGAR) NEAR STADIUM, ALWAR

LAND AREA = 5672.0 SQMT.

MINIMUM AUCTION PRICE = 25000/- PER SQMT. RESERVE PRICE = 96000/- PER SQMT. (For Lease calculation) Earnest Money (EMD) :- 30 Lacs

**Salient Features :-**

- Situated near Indira Gandhi stadium & Auditorium
- Just 0.6 K.M. From proposed Mini Secretariat
- 2.5 K.M. From Railway Station & bus stand equally
- Situated in centre of developed Residential colonies

### LAND FOR COMMERCIAL COMPLEX near RAILWAY STATION

LAND AREA = 2382.0 SQMT.

MINIMUM AUCTION PRICE = 30000/- PER SQMT. RESERVE PRICE = 24300/- PER SQMT. Earnest Money (EMD) :- 20 Lacs

**Salient Features :-**

- Situated at just 100 M. from Railway station
- Just 2.5 K.M. From Mini Secretariat (under construction)
- 2.5 K.M. from bus stand
- Situated in centre of developed Residential colonies

**Terms & Conditions of Auction :-**

(1) Plot shall be auctioned on 99 year lease hold basis (2) 25% amount with 2% administrative charges & BSUP charges @25/- Per Sqm shall be deposited within 4 days from the date of receipt of demand notice (3) Remaining 75% amount shall be deposited within 30 days from the date of issue of demand notice (4) Chairman UIT reserves the right to accept or reject any bid without assigning any reason thereof (5) Plot is being sold on "as is where is" basis. (6) Area of land may increase or decrease at site (7) For further details please Contact :-

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**URBAN IMPROVEMENT TRUST ALWAR**

### ALL INDIA INSTITUTE OF MEDICAL SCIENCES JODHPUR

(An Autonomous body set-up of Government of India)  
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AIIMS, Jodhpur invites applications for the following posts on Deputation Basis:

S. No.	Name of the Post	Group	Pay	Total Post
1.	Senior Procurement-cum-Store Officer	A	Level 11 as per 7 <sup>th</sup> CPC (Rs. 67700-298700)	1
2.	Deputy Chief Security Officer	A	Level 11 as per 7 <sup>th</sup> CPC (Rs. 67700-298700)	1
3.	Assistant Controller of Examinations	A	Level 11 as per 7 <sup>th</sup> CPC (Rs. 67700-298700)	1
4.	Administrative Officer	A	Level 10 as per 7 <sup>th</sup> CPC (Rs. 56100-177500)	1
5.	Store Officer	A	Level 10 as per 7 <sup>th</sup> CPC (Rs. 56100-177500)	2
6.	Accounts Officer	A	Level 10 as per 7 <sup>th</sup> CPC (Rs. 56100-177500)	2
7.	Senior Sanitation Officer	B	Level 7 as per 7 <sup>th</sup> CPC (Rs. 44900-142400)	1
8.	Sanitation Officer	B	Level 6 as per 7 <sup>th</sup> CPC (Rs. 34400-112400)	3

**Note:**

- The number of posts is tentative and is liable to change based on the Institute's requirements.
- Maximum age limit for applying for the aforesaid posts on deputation is 56 years as on last date of receipt of application.
- The initial period of deputation shall be 3 years.
- The Officers, who fulfill the qualifications / Eligibility may submit their application through proper channel to the Deputy Director (Admin), All India Institute of Medical Sciences, Jodhpur - 342005 (Rajasthan) by speed post / Registered A.D. The last date of receipt of application in AIIMS, Jodhpur will be 45 days from the date of publication of this advertisement in the employment News (i.e. 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2019).

The detailed advertisements and online application forms are available on our website: <http://www.aiimsjodhpur.edu.in>

Sd/-  
Administrative Officer

### Office of the Principal, Veer Chandra Singh Garhwal Government Institute of Medical Science & Research, Srinagar (Garhwal), Uttarakhand.

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L.No.- MC/Interview/2018-19/4034 Date- 16/Feb/2019

### Walk-In-Interview

In order to fulfill the faculty position for VCSGIMS&R (a Recognized Medical College), as per MCI/MNC norms, a "Walk-In-Interview" will be held on 01 March from 11:00 AM onwards in the "Office of the Vice Chancellor HNB Uttarakhand Medical Education University, Govt Doon Medical College Campus, Dehradun, Uttarakhand". The appointment will be made on contractual basis. The appointment will be for one year or till the regular appointment is made, whichever ever is earlier. The vacancy position in various departments is given as follows:-

Professor	Microbiology-01(UR), Ophthalmology- 01(SC), PMR 01(OBC), Psychiatry 01 (UR), TB & Chest- 01 (SC).
Associate Professor	Biochemistry-01(OBC), General Medicine- 02(UR), General Surgery- 03 (UR-2, SC-01), Obstetrics & Gynecology- 01(UR), Pediatrics-01(SC), Radiodiagnosis- 01(UR).
Assistant Professor	Anesthesia- 01(SC), Blood Bank- 01(UR), Community Medicine- 02 (UR-01, SC-01), General Medicine- 04 (UR-03, OBC-01), General Surgery- 01(UR), Microbiology-02 (UR-01, SC-01), Obstetrics & Gynecology- 04(UR-02, ST-01, OBC-01), Orthopedics-01(UR), Pathology-01(OBC), PMR-01(SC), Radiodiagnosis- 01(UR), TB & Chest- 01 (UR), ENT-01(UR), Pediatrics-01(UR).
Lady Medical Officer	02 (UR)
Casualty Medical Officer	04 (UR-03, SC-01)

**Emoluments:-**

- Professor - Rs. 1,71,600/- Per month (Annual increment Rs 6,000/-)
- Associate Professor - Rs. 1,47,600/- Per month (Annual increment Rs 6,000/-)
- Assistant Professor - Rs. 1,14,000/- Per month (Annual increment Rs 3,600/-)

**Emoluments for Faculty of Radio diagnosis:-**

- Associate Professor - Rs. 1,47,600/- + Rs. 1,01,000/- per month (Total Rs. 2,48,600/-) per month
- Assistant Professor - Rs. 1,14,000/- + Rs. 68,000/- per month (Total Rs. 1,82,000/-) per month

**Emoluments for Faculty of Anesthesia:-**

- Associate Professor - Rs. 1,47,600/- + Rs. 51,000/- per month (Total Rs. 1,98,600/-) per month
- Assistant Professor - Rs. 1,14,000/- + Rs. 28,000/- per month (Total Rs. 1,42,000/-) per month

**Emoluments:-**

- Lady Medical Officer- Rs. 74,565/- Per month/-
- Casualty Medical Officer- Rs. 74,565/- Per month/-

**\* Special Allowances (Other than Emoluments):** As per Uttarakhand Government L.No-239/XXVI-II(1) 2013-02 ( संशोधन )/2013 दिनांक 29/01/2013

**Age & Qualification - As per MCI norms.**  
**Reservation - As per Uttarakhand Government.**  
**Accommodation - As per Uttarakhand Government Rule.**

No TA/DA will be admissible for attending the interview. The chairman interview committee reserves the right to accept/reject any application without assigning any reason. Number of Posts advertised may be increased or decreased as per requirement. Candidate must bring their resume along with original MBBS, MD/MS degree, Medical council Registration certificate, Experience certificate and Undergraduate teaching certificate during MD/MS course and a set of photocopies thereof. Two recent passport size color photographs are needed at the time of interview.

Principal  
VCSGIMS&R, Srinagar Garhwal.