

Finance Bill of Indian Government is presented in

MODEL QUESTIONS

- Finance Bill of Indian Government is presented in:
 - Upper House
 - Lower House
 - Legislative Council
 - Legislative Assembly
- The Chairperson of the Lok Sabha is designated as:
 - Chairman
 - Speaker
 - Vice-President
 - President
- The first Speaker against whom a motion of no-confidence was moved in the Lok Sabha was:
 - BalramJharkhar
 - G.V. Mavalankar
 - Hukum Singh
 - K.S. Hegde
- 'Votes on Account' permits Union Government to:
 - go for public loan
 - borrow money from the Reserve Bank of India
 - give grants in aid to States
 - withdraw money from Consolidated Fund of India for specific period
- The Speaker can stop a member of Parliament from speaking and let another member speak. This phenomenon is known as?
 - decorum
 - Crossing the floor
 - interpellation
 - Yielding the floor
- The Parliamentary Committee which scrutinises the report of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India?
 - Estimates Committee
 - Select Committee
 - Public Accounts Committee
 - None of these
- The Indian Constitution provides for the appointment of Adhoc Judges in:
 - Supreme Court
 - High Court
 - District and session Courts
 - All of these
- Who has the right to transfer any case anywhere in India?
 - President
 - Supreme Court
 - High Court
 - None of these
- Who was the Chief Justice of India when Public Interest Litigation (PIL) was introduced to the Indian Judicial System?
 - M. Hidayatullah
 - A.M. Ahmadi
 - P.N. Bhagwati
 - A.S. Anand
- The Contingency Fund of the State is operated by:
 - The Governor of the State
 - The Chief Minister of the State
 - The State Finance Minister
 - None of the above
- Which Indian State had the first woman Chief Minister?
 - U.P
 - Bihar
 - Tamil Nadu
 - Delhi
- Who appoints the Governor of Jammu and Kashmir?
 - The Chief Minister of Jammu and Kashmir
 - The Chief Justice of High Court of Jammu and Kashmir
 - The Prime Minister of India
 - The President of India
- Power, authority and responsibilities of Municipalities are listed in which one of the following Schedules of the Constitution of India?
 - Ninth
 - Tenth
 - Eleven
 - Twelfth
- Where was the first Municipal Corporation in India set up?
 - Bombay
 - Calcutta
 - Delhi
 - Madras
- Which of the following is not a Panchayati Raj institution?
 - Gram Sabha
 - Gram Panchayat
 - Nyaya Panchayat
 - Gram Co-operative Society
- Which of the following subjects lies in the Concurrent List?
 - Agriculture
 - Education
 - Police
 - Defence
- Which one of the following forms the largest share of deficit in Government of India Budget?
 - Primary Deficit
 - Fiscal Deficit
 - Revenue Deficit
 - Budgetary Deficit
- Five Year Plan in India finally approved by:
 - Union Cabinet
 - President
 - Planning Commission
 - National Development Council
- The annual report of the UPSC is submitted to?
 - The President
 - The Supreme Court
 - The Prime Minister
 - The Chairman of UPSC
- A national political party is one which receives 4% of the total votes polled in:
 - Two or more States
 - The Capital City
 - Four or more States
 - In all States
- Who accords recognition to various political parties in India as National or Regional parties?
 - The Parliament
 - The President
 - The Election Commission
 - The Supreme Court
- The Election Commission was converted into 'Three Members Commission' in the following year:
 - 1987
 - 1988
 - 1989
 - 1990
- The provisions related to official language of India can be amended by:
 - Simple majority
 - Minimum 2/3rd majority
 - Minimum 3/4th majority
 - Can not be amended
- In India, within how much period, has the proclamation of emergency to be approved by both Houses of the Parliament?
 - 14 days
 - 1 month
 - 3 months
 - 6 months
- How many times has Financial Emergency been declared in India so far?
 - Once
 - 4 times
 - 5 times
 - Never
- How many times did the President of India declare National Emergency so far?
 - Never
 - Only once
 - Only twice
 - Thrice
- Which Indian State came under President's rule for maximum number of times?
 - Punjab
 - Himachal Pradesh
 - Kerala
 - Karnataka
- The method of Constitutional Amendment is provided in:
 - Article 348
 - Article 358
 - Article 368
 - Article 378
- Which of the following Constitutional Amendment Acts was said to be a 'MiniConstitution'?
 - 42nd
 - 44th
 - 46th
 - 50th
- The Government of India declared which of the following rivers a National River?
 - Brahmaputra
 - Yamuna
 - Ganga
 - Kaveri
- Which is the National Emblem of India?
 - Dharma Chakra
 - Star and Crescent
 - Lion and Sword
 - The Great Wall
- 'Consent of people' means consent of:
 - A few people
 - All people
 - Majority of the people
 - Leader of the people
- Despotism is possible in a:
 - One Party State
 - Two Party State
 - Multi Party State
 - None of these
- The basic parameters of India's Foreign Policy were laid down by:
 - Dr. Rajendra Prasad
 - Dr. Radhakrishnan
 - Jawaharlal Nehru
 - Zakir Hussain
- Which one of the following political theories advocates the withering away of the State?
 - Capitalism
 - Fascism
 - Marxism
 - Democratic Socialism
- Which is the only State in India to have the Common Civil Code?
 - Jammu and Kashmir
 - Mizoram
 - Nagaland
 - Goa
- Which is the highest National Award?
 - Padmashree
 - Padmavibhushan
 - Bharat Ratna
 - Ashok Chakra
- On whose vision was the term 'democratic socialism' described?
 - Mahatma Gandhi
 - Jawaharlal Nehru
 - Sardar Patel
 - Indira Gandhi
- Who is the author of the book 'A Foreign Policy of India'?
 - I.K. Gujral
 - B.G. Deshmukh
 - L.K. Advani
 - A.J. Toynbee
- The number of members included in the Constitution Drafting Committee was:
 - Seven
 - Nine
 - Eleven
 - Thirteen
- Which of the following States has the largest representation in the Lok Sabha?
 - Bihar
 - Maharashtra
 - Madhya Pradesh
 - Uttar Pradesh
- The Constitution of India does not mention the post of:
 - The deputy Chairman of the Rajya Sabha
 - The deputy Prime Minister
 - The deputy Speaker of the Lok Sabha
 - None of these
- The members of the State Legislative Assembly are elected for what period?
 - 2 years
 - 6 years
 - 4 years
 - 5 years
- Chief Ministers of all the States are ex-officio members of the:
 - Finance Commission
 - Planning Commission
 - National Development Council
 - Inter State Council
- The minimum age required for becoming the Prime Minister of India is:
 - 25 years
 - 30 years
 - 40 years
 - 35 years
- The 'Presidents Rule' in a State means that the state is ruled by:
 - The President directly
 - a caretaker government
 - The Chief Minister
 - The Governor of a State
- Which is the highest court of appeal in India?
 - High Court
 - Privy Council
 - Supreme Court
 - President
- The Election Commission does not conduct Elections to the:
 - Lok Sabha
 - Rajya Sabha
 - Local Bodies
 - President's elections
- Who makes appointments for the Civil Services in India?
 - President
 - Prime Minister
 - Parliament
 - UPSC
- The first leader of opposition to be given the status and rank of a Cabinet Minister was:
 - A.K. Gopalan
 - Y.B. Chavan
 - C.M. Stephen
 - P. Upendra
- Who among the following is appointed by the President?
 - Attorney General of India
 - Comptroller and Auditor General
 - Governor of a State
 - All of these
- Who has the right to seek advisory opinion of the Supreme Court of India, on any question of law?
 - Prime Minister
 - President
 - Any judge of the High Court
 - All of the above
- The single instance of the unanimous election of the President of India so far, was the election of:
 - Rajendra Prasad
 - Radhakrishnan
 - Zakir Hussain
 - NeelamSanjiva Reddy
- Who held the office of the Vice-President of India for two consecutive terms?
 - Radhakrishnan
 - R. Venkatraman
 - Shankar DayalSharma
 - V.V. Giri
- Which of the following Vice-Presidents was not appointed as President of the Country?
 - M. Hidayatullah
 - R. Venkatraman
 - Krishnakant
 - Zakir Hussain



Key

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