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Which State is called the 'Sugar Bowl of India'?

MODEL QUESTIONS

- 1. The neighbouring country of India which has the smallest area is: 1) Sri Lanka
 - 2) Bhutan 3) Nepal
 - 4) Bangladesh
- 2. Which one among the following States share common boundaries with maximum number of other States?
 - 1) Andhra Pradesh
 - 2) West Bengal
 - 3) Madhya Pradesh
 - 4) Uttar Pradesh
- 3. Amarkantak plateau in the Maikal hills marks the origin of the river:
 - 2) Gandak 1) Narmada
 - 4) Ghaggar 3) Chambal
- 4. Which one among the following systems contains the oldest Rock formation of India?
 - 1) Aravalli System
 - 2) Archean System
 - 3) Vindhyan System
 - 4) None of these
- 5. Which is the highest peak in Andaman and Nicobar Islands?
 - 1) Mount Thuiller
 - 2) Saddle Peak
 - 3) Mount Diavolo
 - 4) Mount Koya
- **6.** Himalayan mountain range falls under which type of mountains?
 - 1) Residual Mountain
 - 2) Accumulated Mountain
 - 3) Block Mountain
 - 4) Fold Mountain
- 7. With which of the following country, India has a land dispute near Tawang?
 - 1) China
 - 2) Pakistan 3) Afghanistan 4) Bangladesh
- 8. The transport route connecting the Kashmir from Leh crosses the high mountain ranges at the:
 - 1) Pir Panjal Pass
 - 2) Karakoram Pass
 - 3) Banihal Pass
 - 4) None of these
- 9. Which one of the following mountains is not the part of Eastern Ghats?
 - 1) Sheravoy hills
 - 2) Elamalai hills
 - 3) Nallamala hills
 - 4) Javadi hills
- 10. Which of the following is the main difference between Eastern Ghats and Western Ghats?
 - 1) Continuity
 - 2) Height 3) Length
 - 4) Vegetation
- 11. The northern part of the west coast in India is known as:
 - 1) Konkan Coast
 - 2) Malabar Coast
 - 3) Godavari Coast
 - 4) Coromandel Coast
- 12. Which one of the following states has the longest coastline?
- 1) Goa 2) Tamil Nadu 3) Maharashtra 4) Gujarat

- 13. The State of Andhra Pradesh is surrounded by:
 - 1) 3 States 2) 4 States 3) 9 States 4) 5 States
- 14. Mount Abu is a hill station located in:
 - 1) Vindhya Range
 - 2) Aravalli Range
 - 3) Sahyadri Range
 - 4) Satpura Range
- **15.** Extrusive volcanoes are not found in which of the following mountains?
 - 1) Alaska
 - 2) Rocky 3) Himalayas 4) Andes
- 16. Which of the following is the correct order of mountains from North to South in India?
 - 1) Himalayas, Vindhyan, Satpura, Nilgiri
 - 2) Satpura, Vindhyan, Himalayas, Nilgiri
 - 3) Vindhyan, Satpura, Nilgiri, Himalayas
 - 4) Nilgiri, Satpura, Vindhyan, Himalayas
- 17. Mac Mohan Line demarcates the boundary between:
 - 1) India and China
 - 2) India and Bangladesh
 - 3) India and Nepal
 - 4) India and Pakistan
- 18. The Pass located in Himachal Pradesh is:
 - 1) Shipki La 2) Zojila
 - 4) Jelep La 3) Nathu La
- 19. Surat is situated on the bank of the river:
 - 1) Godavari
- 2) Narmada
- 3) Tapti 4) Krishna
- 20. Vishnuprayag is situated at the confluence of rivers Alaknanda and:
 - 1) Bhagirathi 2) Mandakini
 - 3) Nandakini 4) Dhauliganga
- **21.** What is Dakshin Gangotri?
 - 1) River valley in Andhra Pradesh 2) Unmanned station located in
 - 3) Second source of river Ganga
 - 4) Island in the Indian Ocean
- 22. Name the river that does not originate in Western Ghats?
 - 1) Kaveri
 - 2) Vaigai 4) Barak 3) Godavari
- **23.** Match the following:

Antarctica

List I

(Waterfalls)

A.Jog

B.Bheraghat

C.Sivasamudra

D.Hundru

List II

(Rivers)

- 1.Narmada
- 2.Kaveri
- 3. Subarnarekha
- 4. Saravati
- 1) A-1, B-4, C-3, D-2 2) A-1, B-4, C-2, D-3
- 3) A-4, B-1, C-3, D-2
- 4) A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
- **24.** Which of the following drainage systems fall into Bay of Bengal? | 33. Which one of the following is | 43. National Remote Sensing Age-

General Studies

INDIAN GEOGRAPHY

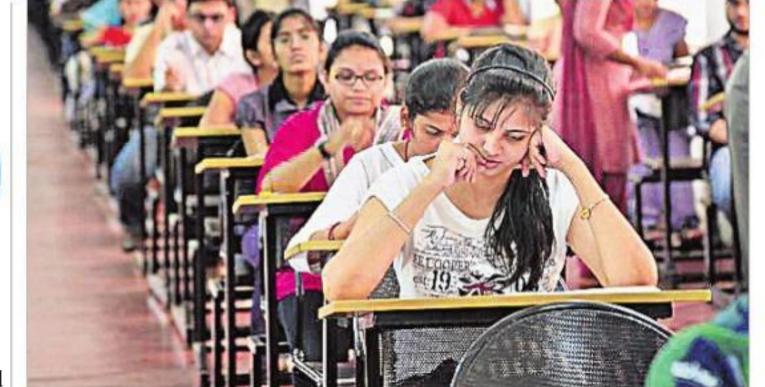
useful for UPSC, SSC, Groups, RRB

- Brahmaputra 1) Ganga, and Godavari
- 2) Mahanadi, Krishna and Cauvery
- 3) Both 1 and 2
- 4) None of these
- 25. Which of the following statements regarding laterite soils of India are correct?
 - 1. They are generally red in colour.
 - 2. They are rich in nitrogen and potash.
 - 3. They are well-developed in Rajasthan and UP.
 - 4. Tapioca and cashew nuts grow well on these soils. Select the correct answer using
 - the codes given below:
 - 1) 1, 2 and 3 2) 2, 3 and 4
- 4) 2 and 3 3) 1 and 4 **26.** State with highest percentage of forest is:
 - 1) Madhya Pradesh
 - 2) Uttar Pradesh
 - 3) Mizoram 4) Assam
- **27.** Mudumalai Sanctuary is famous
 - for: 1) Tigers
- 2) Elephants
- 3) Bisons 4) Birds **28.** India is a tropical country but has
 - a monsoonal climate because:
 - 1) Its real extent is vast
 - 2) It is surrounded by sea 3) The Himalayas provide the barrier effect
- 4) Land and sea breeze create monsoons
- **29.** Daily weather map showing isobars is an example of:
 - 1) Chloropleth map

 - 2) Isopleth map
- 3) Chrochramatic map 4) Chroschematic map
- **30.** Which one among the following states is the leading producer of salt in India?
 - 1) Tamil Nadu 2) Rajasthan
 - 3) Gujarat
 - 4) Andhra Pradesh
- 31. Which of the following mineral ore deposits occurs at Dandakaranya region?

32. Which State is called the 'Sugar

- 1) Bauxite 2) Iron 4) Copper 3) Coal
- Bowl of India'? 1) Uttar Pradesh 2) Punjab
- 3) Andhra Pradesh 4) Bihar



- known as 'Brown Coal'?
- 1) Bituminous
- 2) Anthracite 3) Lignite
- 4) Peat
- **34.** The only state which produces saffron in India is:
 - 1) Himachal Pradesh
 - 3) Jammu-Kashmir 2) Assam 4) Meghayala
 - India is:

35. Highest Coffee growing state in

- 1) Karnataka 2) Uttar Pradesh 3) Maharashtra 4) Tamil Nadu **36.** Dry farming in India is exten
 - sively practiced in:
 - 1) Kanara Plains
 - 2) Deccan Plateau 3) Coromandel Plains
 - 4) Ganga Plains
- 37. Yellow revolution is associated with the production of:
- 1) Sunflower 2) Gold 3) Poultry 4) Oil Seeds
- **38.** Match the following:
 - List I

A. Growth in Food Production

- B. Milk Production
- C. Fisheries Production
- D. Fertilizers
- List II 1.Green Revolution
- 2.Blue Revolution 3. White Revolution
- 4. Grey Revolution
- 1) A-1, B-3, C-2, D-4 2) A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2
- 3) A-2, B-4, C-3, D-1 4) A-3, B-2, C-4, D-1
 - Kharif crop?
- 1) Cotton
- 4) Groundnut 3) Mustard **40.** Multi-purpose river valley projects are the "New temples of

39. Which of the following is not a

2) Maize

- modern India". The above statement is made by:
- 1) Motilal Nehru
- 2) Jawaharlal Nehru
- 3) Mahatma Gandhi
- 4) Rajiv Gandhi **41.** Which is the leading state in India
 - 1) West Bengal
- 2) Tamil Nadu
- **42.** Which place is called as 'Silicon
- Valley' of India?

in "Ship Breaking Industry"?

- 3) Maharashtra 4) Gujarat
- 1) Delhi 2) Pune

3) Bangalore 4) Hyderabad

- ncy is located in:
- 1) Bangalore 2) Ahmadabad
- 3) Hyderabad 4) Trivandrum 44. Which place is said to be the
 - Manchester of South India? 1) Coimbatore 2) Salem
- 3) Madurai 4) None of these 45. Tatipaka Oil Refinery is located
 - in the state of: 1) Karnataka 2) Uttar Pradesh
- 4) Andhra Pradesh **46.** Which organization prepares
 - topographical maps of India? 1) Geological Survey of India
 - 2) Archaelogical Survey of India

3) Assam

- 3) Survey of India 4) None of these **47.** The Dravidian races are mainly confined at which one of the
- 1) South India 2) North India 3) North-Eastern India

following places of India?

48. Which one of the following is a

4) North-Western India

- non-renewable resource?
- 1) Solar energy 2) Coal 4) Fisheries 3) Water **49.** Which one of the following years is known as the 'Year of the Great Divide' with regard to population, after which there has been

a continuous and rapid growth in

4) 1951

- India's population? 1) 1911 2) 1921
- **50.** The term 'demographic gap' signifies the difference:

3) 1941

- 1) in sex ratio
- 2) in age 3) in child 4) between the birth and the death rate

		KEY		
1) 2	2) 4	3) 1	4) 2	5) 2
6) 4	7) 1	8) 2	9) 2	10) 1
11) 1	12) 4	13) 4	14) 2	15) 3
16) 1	17) 1	18) 1	19) 3	20) 4
21) 2	22) 4	23) 4	24) 3	25) 3
26) 1	27) 1	28) 3	29) 2	30) 3
31) 1	32) 1	33) 3	34) 3	35) 1
36) 2	37) 4	38) 1	39) 3	40) 2
41) 4	42) 3	43) 3	44) 1	45) 4
46) 3	47) 1	48) 2	49) 2	50) 4

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