

The Doctrine of Lapse was introduced by:

MODEL QUESTIONS

- Which one of the following European trading companies adopted the 'Blue Water Policy' in India?
 - French Company
 - Portuguese Company
 - Dutch Company
 - British East India Company
- During whose tenure, did the incident of Black Hole take place?
 - Alivardhi Khan
 - Mir Qasim
 - Siraj-Ud-Daulah
 - Mir Zafar
- Who among the following is known for his introduction of a new calendar, a new system of coinage and new scales of weights and measures?
 - Tipu Sultan
 - Murshid Quli Khan
 - Saadhat Khan
 - None of these
- Who issued Firman granting Diwani of Bengal, Bihar and Orissa to the English?
 - Shah Alam II
 - Ahmed Shah
 - Farrukhsiyar
 - Bahadur Shah
- When did the British Government start ruling India directly?
 - After the Battle of Plassey
 - After the Battle of Panipat
 - After the War of Mysore
 - After Sepoy Mutiny
- Which one of the following was the first fort constructed by the British in India?
 - Fort William
 - Fort St. David
 - Fort St. Angelo
 - Fort St. George
- By which one of the following Acts did the Governor General of Bengal become the Governor General of India?
 - The Regulating Act
 - The Charter Act of 1833
 - The Charter Act of 1793
 - The Pitt's India Act
- When was the Battle of Plassey fought?
 - 1780
 - 1757
 - 1857
 - 1885
- Who was the Nawab of Bengal during Battle of Plassey?
 - Mir Jafar
 - Siraj-Ud-Daulah
 - Mir Qasim
 - None of these
- Where was the first cotton mill in India established?
 - Mumbai
 - Surat
 - Ahmedabad
 - Coimbatore
- Under which of the following systems, the British Government collected revenue directly from the farmers?
 - Ryotwari
 - Zamindari
 - Annawari
 - Desaiwari
- During the colonial rule in India, the Permanent Settlement was

introduced by:

- Lord Curzon
 - Lord Cornwallis
 - Lord Bentick
 - Lord Wellesely
- Who among the following used the phrase 'Un-British' to criticize the English colonial control of India?
 - A. M. Bose
 - Badruddin Tyabji
 - Dadabhai Naoroji
 - Pheroze Shah Mehta
 - Who termed the uprising of 1857 as the first war of independence?
 - V.A. Smith
 - V.D. Savarkar
 - P.E. Roberts
 - All of these
 - Who among the following was not associated with the Revolt of 1857?
 - Maharaja Ranjith Singh
 - Nana Sahib
 - Khan Bahadur (D) Begam Hazrat Mahal
 - Begam Hazrat Mahal
 - During India's freedom struggle, the Sepoy Mutiny started from which one of the following places?
 - Agra
 - Gwalior
 - Jhansi
 - Meerut
 - The Indian Famine Code, 1883 was prepared by:
 - Indigo Commission
 - Hunter Commission
 - Strachey Commission
 - Hartog Commission
 - Who was the great force behind the foundation of the first Indian women's University in Bombay in 1906?
 - Dadabhai Naoroji
 - D.K. Karve
 - S.S. Bangali
 - V.M. Malabari
 - Who was associated with the formation of the Deccan Educational Society?
 - Justice Ranade
 - Bal Gangadhar Tilak
 - Dayanand Saraswati
 - None of these
 - Who among the following was associated with Gudem-Rampa Rebellion?
 - Kushal Konwar
 - Mangal Pandey
 - Alluri Sitarama Raju
 - None of these
 - The most important All India Nationalist Organisation before the Congress was:
 - The East India Association
 - The Indian Association of Calcutta
 - The Bombay Presidency Association
 - The Poona Sarvajanik Sabha
 - Who gave the motto 'Go back to the Vedas'?
 - Swami Vivekananda
 - Raja Ram Mohan Roy
 - Swami Dayanand Saraswati
 - Ramakrishna Paramahansa
 - Which was the first newspaper to be published in India?
 - The Hindu



- Bombay Sanchar
 - Bengal Chronicle
 - Bengal Gazette
- Who among the following was the founder of 'Servants of Indian Society'?
 - Gopal Krishna Gokhale
 - Lala Lajpat Rai
 - Dadhabhai Naoroji
 - None of these
 - During the period of the Indian freedom struggle, who among the following started the Central Hindu School?
 - Annie Besant
 - M.G. Ranade
 - Bhikaji Kama
 - M. M. Malaviya
 - In which year, did Swami Vivekananda participate the World Parliament of Religions at Chicago?
 - 1893
 - 1895
 - 1897
 - 1899
 - Who, among the following, wrote the book 'Bahuvivah'?
 - Pandita Ramabai
 - Rabindranath Tagore
 - Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar
 - None of these
 - Match the following:

List I
(News Papers)

 - A. Samachar Darpan
 - B. Mirat-ul-Akhbar
 - C. Kesari
 - D. Young India

List II
(Editors)

 1. Ram Mohan Roy
 2. B.G. Tilak
 3. Mahatma Gandhi
 4. Marshman
 - 1) A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
 - 2) A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1
 - 3) A-2, B-3, C-4, D-1
 - 4) A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
 - The reform movement among the Muslims started by Sir Syed Khan is known as:
 - Sufi Movement
 - Khilafat Movement
 - Wahabi Movement
 - Aligarh Movement
 - The first session of the Indian National Congress was presided over by:
 - A.O. Hume
 - W.C. Banerjee
 - B. Malabari
 - B. Tyabji
 - Where was the first session of Indian National Congress held?
 - Calcutta
 - Bombay
 - Ahmedabad
 - Allahabad

- Who was responsible for the introduction of English as the official language in India?
 - Lord William Bentinck
 - Sir Charles Wood
 - A.O. Hume
 - None of these
- Who amongst the following is associated with the Local Self Government Act?
 - Lord Cornwallis
 - William Bentinck
 - Lord Dalhousie
 - Lord Ripon
- The Doctrine of Lapse was introduced by:
 - Lord Wellesley
 - Lord Dalhousie
 - Lord Canning
 - Lord Cornwallis
- The Supreme Court in British India was established under:
 - Regulating Act of 1773
 - The Charter Act of 1813
 - The Charter Act of 1833
 - Pitt's India Act of 1784
- The name of the periodical among the following published by Mahatma Gandhi during his stay in South Africa:
 - India Gazette
 - Indian Opinion
 - Afrikaner
 - Navjiwan
- The system of open competitions through examination for entering the civil service was introduced in:
 - 1813
 - 1833
 - 1853
 - 1858
- Who among the following wrote the book 'A Nation in the making'?
 - Surendranath Banerjee
 - Dinbandhu Mitra
 - Subhash Chandra Bose
 - B.G. Tilak
- The Ilbert Bill agitation led to the foundation of which one of the following?
 - Indian Association
 - All India National Conference
 - British India Association
 - Jatiya Sabha
- Which one of the following revolts was made famous by Bankim Chandra Chatterjee in his novel Anand Math?
 - Sanyasi rebellion
 - Bhil uprising
 - Dinapur uprising
 - Bishnupur rebellion
- Mahatma Gandhi delivered his first public speech in India at:
 - Bombay
 - Lucknow
 - Varanasi
 - Champaran
- On which of the following railway stations of South Africa, Mahatma Gandhi was thrown out of the train?
 - Johannesburg
 - Durban
 - Pretoria
 - Pietermaritzburg
- Mahatma Gandhi's remark, 'A

post-dated cheque on a crumbling bank' is regarding the proposals of:

- Simon Commission
 - Cripps Mission
 - Cabinet Mission
 - Wavell Plan
- Who among the following was regarded by Mahatma Gandhi as his 'Political Guru'?
 - Dadabhai Naoroji
 - Gopal Krishna Gokhale
 - P.S. Mehta
 - B.G. Tilak
 - Which one of the following slogans is attributed to Subhash Chandra Bose?
 - Jai Hind
 - Jai Jawan Jai Kisan
 - Inqilab Zindabad
 - All of these
 - Which one of the following commissions/Committees was appointed by the British Government to investigate into the massacre in Jallianwala Bagh?
 - Welby Commission
 - Hunter Commission
 - Simon Commission
 - Butler Committee
 - In which of the following did Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel play a leading role?
 - Dandi March
 - Bardoli Satyagraha
 - Bijolia Movement
 - None of these
 - At which one of the following Round Table conferences held in London was Mahatma Gandhi present?
 - First
 - Second
 - Third
 - None of these
 - The final arrangements for the India's independence were worked out by the:
 - Cabinet Mission
 - Simon Commission
 - Cripps Mission
 - Gandhi-Irwin Pact
 - Who headed the boundary commission appointed in 1947 in the context of India's partition?
 - Mountbatten
 - Richardson
 - James Bolt
 - Radcliffe

KEY

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|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1) 2 | 2) 3 | 3) 1 | 4) 1 | 5) 4 |
| 6) 4 | 7) 2 | 8) 2 | 9) 2 | 10) 1 |
| 11) 1 | 12) 2 | 13) 3 | 14) 2 | 15) 1 |
| 16) 4 | 17) 3 | 18) 2 | 19) 2 | 20) 3 |
| 21) 2 | 22) 3 | 23) 4 | 24) 1 | 25) 1 |
| 26) 1 | 27) 3 | 28) 4 | 29) 4 | 30) 2 |
| 31) 2 | 32) 2 | 33) 4 | 34) 2 | 35) 1 |
| 36) 2 | 37) 3 | 38) 1 | 39) 2 | 40) 1 |
| 41) 3 | 42) 4 | 43) 2 | 44) 2 | 45) 1 |
| 46) 2 | 47) 2 | 48) 2 | 49) 1 | 50) 4 |

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