Odisha hit by over nine lakh lightning strikes this year

In-cloud flashes

Five States accounted for half of the cloud-to ground strikes, finds a study

ЈАСОВ КОЅНҮ NEW DELHI

Five States accounted for half of the lightning strikes in India in 2019, led by Odisha with 9,37,462 or about 16% of the cloud-to-ground strikes.

This is among the findings of an analysis of lightning strikes in India – the most widespread killer among natural calamities - from January to August by the private weather agency Skymet. There were 20 million lightning strikes in that period, with 72% of them being instances of 'in-cloud' lightn-

ing. In-cloud strikes result from a friction in a cloud, cloud-to-ground whereas

ones, which are responsible for deaths, happen when electric charges travel to the

Odisha accounts for nearly 7,00,000 more total lightning strikes than the second-placed West Bengal, though it had only 3,50,000 more of the cloud-to-ground

Jharkhand, Andhra Pradesh and Madhya Pradesh accounted for the rest.

Peak activity in June

June saw the most lightning flashes – 56,04,214 – during the first eight months of 2019, which is when the monsoon sets in. Temperatures are extremely hot dur-

Andhra Pradesh Madhya Pradesh ing June, ranging from 32 de-

Flash struck |

Cloud-to-ground flashes

Odisha

West

Bengal

Jharkhand

grees Celsius to 40 degrees Celsius. A rise in lightning activity begins in May, peaks in June and tapers by August.

Skymet makes its assessment based on 1,700 sensors spread across the country and claims that it sends alerts 45 minutes before "dangerous lightning" strikes an area.

Odisha saw nearly 30 lakh counts of lightning in the first eight months of 2019, the highest in India, according to Skymet

According to the National Crime Records Bureau, there were 8,684 deaths in the country due to causes "attributable to forces of nature" during 2016. Of them, 38.2% deaths were due to lightning, 15.4% due to heat and sun stroke and 8.9% due

A streak of lightning flashing across the

sky in Visakhapatnam. • K.R. DEEPAK

A more recent report from the Climate Resilient Observ-

and Evaluation

(PICME) - throw up the 'high

risk' cases, which can then

be followed up on at home.

"Not all the 2,000 women

who deliver will be 'high

risk', but the PICME can gen-

erate information on the

mothers who, for instance,

have hypertension or dia-

betes, or had developed

some other complication

during the gestation period,"

Besides this, all gynaecol-

ogists - right through the go-

vernment healthcare set-up

- from primary through se-

condary to tertiary levels,

will be linked together so

that quick solutions can be

found in crisis situations. "If

the doctor in the PHC (Prim-

ary Health Centre) has some

doubts about how to best

the Health Secretary adds.

ing Systems Promotion Council (CROPC) that relies on the India Meteorological Department's lightning forecasts analysed lightning patterns and deaths this year from April 1 to July 31.

Most deaths in U.P.

At 224, Uttar Pradesh registered the maximum number of deaths due to lightning, followed by Bihar (170), Odisha (129), and Jharkhand (118).

Varied coping mechanisms and grades of infrastructure determine the level of casualty from lightning in the States. For instance, the CROPC report says, Odisha had the highest number of strikes - 9 lakh-plus - and 129 deaths.

But Uttar Pradesh had 300 strikes and 200 deaths.

case: 13

S. SUNDAR MADURAI

Thirteen convicts in the Melavalavu massacre case, in which six persons belonging to the Scheduled Castes, including Melavalavu panchayat president Murugesan, were hacked to death in 1996, were released from the Madurai

The police identified the convicts, released in connection with MGR birth centenary celebrations on account of good conduct, as U. Ponnaiah, K. Manikandan, A. Andichamy, V. Manoharan, N. Renganathan, N. Sakkaramoorthy, M. Alagu, K. Rajendran, P. Sekar, A. Chokkanathan, P. Selvam, P. Chinnaodungan and S. Ramar.

agitated after the then district administration chose the Melavalavu panchayat for reserving the post of president for SCs. The elected members were returning to Melavalavu from Madurai when a gang mur-

convicts freed

central prison on Saturday.

The caste Hindus were dered the six persons.

Melavalavu

Police sources said with this, all the 16 convicts – all of whom are caste Hindus - in the sensational murder case have been released. Another convict, Jothi, died in prison in



Probe ordered into middav meal anomalies

Assam Chief Minister Sarbananda Sonowal ordered a probe into anomalies in the execution of the midday meal scheme in the State. Various organisations have protested outsourcing of the scheme to NGOs, which have allegedly been serving substandard food to children

IIT Madras student ends life

A 19-year-old first-year student of the Humanities and Social Sciences Department was found dead in her room in a hostel of the Indian Institute of Technology-Madras. The police suspect it was suicide Police personnel have sent the body for post-mortem.

Puducherry airport to be fully solar powered soon

The Puducherry airport will soon be fully powered by solar energy with the completion of a 500 kW solar plant that can generate 500 to 3,000 units a day. The installation of around 1,500 solar panels has been completed so far. The plant was estimated to cost about ₹3.5 crore, said Vijaya Upadhyay, Director, Puducherry Airport.

MMR falls further in Tamil Nadu

State remains in the third position in the country, behind Kerala and Maharashtra

RAMYA KANNAN CHENNAI

The latest Sample Registration System (SRS) data on the Maternal Mortality Ratio (MMR) has put Tamil Nadu at 63, indicating that the State's continuing efforts to bring down the number of maternal deaths seem to be work-

As the pace of the fall slows down, the next major drop in the State's MMR would have to be fuelled by a quantum leap in maternal care activities. Tamil Nadu remains in the

third position in the country, only behind Kerala (42) and Maharashtra (55), as revealed by the SRS data for the 2015-2017 period. MMR is read as the number of maternal deaths per 1,00,000 live births. While at 63, Tamil Nadu's

MMR is way below the all-India figure of 122, the pace of the fall has slowed down when compared to the pre-Between 2011 and 2013

and 2014 and 2016, the State's MMR had fallen from 79 to 66 – a drop of 16%. Just as in the case of Kerala, the rate of reduction is

slowing down - something, experts point out, may be expected in States that have mortality ratios. The last diately after the delivery, nancy Infant Cohort Moni-



The State has launched an intensive three-month study of the health status of mothers. • PHOTO FOR REPRESENTATION

mile is proverbially, and literally, always hard to cross.

'Number one State'

The good news, though, is that the health authorities in the State are already on the ball when it comes to this issue. The target is to bring MMR down to 25 by 2023. Health Secretary Beela Rajesh says: "The aim is to be the number one State in MMR. So, we are determined to put in all efforts that could provide crucial

interventions." For instance, the State has launched an intensive threemonth study of the health registration system for all steadily falling maternal status of mothers imme- mothers in the State - Preg- is expected to lead to gains in

are discharged. New protocols and systems would be put in place once this study identifies the key issues. "There are about 2,000 deliveries per day in Tamil Nadu. We are planning to set up a core committee that would monitor the top 10 districts with higher MMR. We noticed that the maximum number of deaths occur during the first month after delivery, post-partum, so that is when we will be paying attention," she explains.

ning to have its automated

when the mother and baby

The government is plan-

handle a particular case, she or he can establish contact with another doctor at the secondary or tertiary levels," Dr. Rajesh says. Technology has made it easy. Video calls and VoIP

This is also one way to monitor all deliveries in the State and ensure that experts, who may not be physically present, can chime in as and when necessary. This

calls between doctors will

help resolve issues, the State

New Assam NRC Coordinator appointed

Prateek Hajela will relinquish charge as the State NRC Coordinator on Nov. 11

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT

Assam Civil Service officer Hitesh Dev Sarma has been appointed as the new State Coordinator for the National Register of Citizens (NRC). He has replaced Prateek

Haiela, an IAS officer of the Assam-Meghalaya cadre who ensured publication of the final version of register on August 31 under supervision of the Supreme Court.

Mr. Hajela was transferred to his home State

preme Court on October 18. He will relinquish charge as the NRC State Coordinator on November 11.

Madhya Pradesh by the Su-

Inter-cadre deputation

Following the apex court's order, the Appointments Committee of the Cabinet has already approved the proposal of the Department of Personnel and Training for inter-cadre deputation of Mr. Hajela from the Assam-Meghalaya cadre to

three years, official sources said. The Assam government had also written to the DoPT stating that it did not have any objection to the transfer.

Madhya Pradesh cadre for

NRC experience

Until his new assignment, Mr. Sarma was the Secretary of the Urban Development and Finance departments. He had also handled the

NRC exercise during its in-

itial stages five years ago.

Mr. Sarma has his task cut out as those who have been excluded from the NRC have 120 days to appeal against it at Foreigners Tribunals.

If not satisfied with the verdict of the tribunals, they will have the option to move the High Court and the Supreme Court for redress.

The updated final NRC, which validates bona fide Indian citizens of Assam, left out over 1.9 million applicants.

(With inputs from PTI)

WHO initiative to expand access to affordable insulin

It is available in only 1 in 3 of the poorest countries

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT NEW DELH

Ahead of the World Diabetes Day on November 14, the World Health Organisation (WHO) is launching an initiative to expand access to affordable insulin. Stating that more than 420 million people worldwide, mostly in low- and middle-income countries, live with diabetes, the WHO noted that many who require insulin do not have access to it, often due

to high costs. The global report on diabetes shows that essential medicines and technologies, including insulin, are generally available in only 1 in 3 of



Over 420 million people across the world live with

the poorest countries. According to the International Diabetes Federation Diabetes Atlas (7th Edition), China had the largest number of patients (11.43 cr.) followed by India (7.29 cr.) in 2017. As per the National Family Health Survey 2015-16, 5.8% women and 8.0% men in India are having blood sugar level above 140 mg/dl, in the age group of 15-49 years. "The Health Ministry is

focused on creating awareness for behaviour and lifestyle changes, screening and early diagnosis of persons with high level of risk factors and their treatment and referral (if required) to higher facilities for appropriate management for Non-Communicable Diseases (NCDs), including diabetes," noted a senior health official.

RAINFALL, TEMPERATURE & AIR QUALITY IN SELECT METROS YESTERDAY

Forecast for Sunday: Heavy to very heavy rainfall likely at isolated places over Tripura, Assam, Meghalaya, Gangetic West Bengal, Kerala, Mahe, Tamil Nadu, Puducherry and Karaikal. Thunderstorm accompanied with lightning at isolated places likely over Nagaland, Manipur, Mizoram, south-interior Karnataka. Sea condition likely to be high to very high along and off West Bengal and Bangladesh coasts.

CITY	RAIN	MAX	MIN	CITY	RAIN	MAX	MII
Agartala	10.3	28.0	23.0	Kozhikode		34.0	25.0
Ahmedabad		32.0	21.0	Kurnool		34.0	24.0
Aizawl		23.0	16.0	Lucknow		30.0	16.0
Allahabad		30.0	17.0	Madurai		33.0	24.0
Bengaluru		29.0	20.0	Mangaluru		29.0	23.0
Bhopal		29.0	19.0	Mumbai	30.4	32.0	24.0
Bhubaneswar	4.0	28.0	19.0	Mysuru	31.0	28.0	20.0
Chandigarh	1.0	28.0	14.0	New Delhi		30.0	16.0
Chennai		35.0	26.0	Patna		31.0	21.0
Coimbatore		33.0	22.0	Port Blair	0.1	32.0	24.0
Dehradun		29.0	13.0	Puducherry		34.0	24.0
Gangtok		20.0	13.0	Pune		31.0	17.0
Goa		33.0	23.0	Raipur		29.0	19.0
Guwahati	0.1	29.0	22.0	Ranchi		25.0	17.0
Hubballi		29.0	19.0	Shillong	9.0	22.0	12.0
Hyderabad		32.0	21.0	Shimla		21.0	9.0
Imphal	10.7	25.0	18.0	Srinagar		–	
Jaipur		30.0	19.0	Thiruvananthapuram		34.0	24.0
Kochi	0.4	31.0	25.0	Tiruchi		34.0	24.0
Kohima	–	26.0	13.0	Vijayawada		32.0	20.0
Kolkata	19.7	23.0	20.0	Visakhapatnam		30.0	23.0
(Rainfall data in mm: temperature in Colsius)							

78 .11 64

Visakhapatnam 25 .80 33 ..143 .153

..264 ..320 .213 .50 33 ..249 ...249–

p.m., Katni, Madhya Pradesh recorded an overall air

Air Quality Code: ■ Poor ■ Moderate ■ Good (Readings indicate average AQI) 502: Sulphur Dioxide. Short-term exposure can harm the respiratory system making breathing difficult. It can affect visibility by reacting with other air particles to form haze and stain culturally important objects such as statues NO2: Nitrogen Dioxide. Aggravates respiratory illness, causes haze to form by

....59 .119

reacting with other air particles, causes acid rain, pollutes coastal waters.

CO: Carbon monoxide. High concentration in air reduces oxygen supply to critical organs like the heart and brain. At very high levels, it can cause dizziness, confusion, unconsciousness and even death PM2.5 & PM10: Particulate matter pollution can cause irritation of the eyes,

nose and throat, coughing, chest tightness and shortness of breath, reduced lung function, irregular heartbeat, asthma attacks, heart attacks and premature death in people with heart or lung disease