

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

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PARA JUMBLED CONCEPTS & EXAMPLES

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PARA JUMBLED CONCEPTS

INTRODUCTION TO ENGLISH LANGUAGE:

English Knowledge is an important section in the employment-related competitive exams in India. In particular, English Language Section is one of the key sections in recruitment exams in India including but not limited to **Banking, Railways, Staff Selection Commission, Insurance, Teaching, UPSC** and many others. The English Language section has questions related to **Reading Comprehension, Cloze Test, Fill in the Blanks, Error Spotting, Grammar, Sentence Improvement, Para jumbled** etc.

1. What are para jumbled?

Para jumbles are **jumbled paragraphs**. Basically, you are given a paragraph - but the sentences are not in the right order. It's up to you to untie this knot and rearrange the sentences so that they logically make sense. Normally instructions for this type of questions will read "Choose the most logical order of sentences from among the given choices to construct a **coherent paragraph**".

Para jumbles are the group of **independent sentences** usually 5 or six, which are altered and presented to us. It is our task to identify which one comes first, then next, and so on until we form a **meaningful paragraph**.

PARA JUMBLED- RULES

RULE 1: SEARCH FOR THE NAME

Yes, you heard it right. In a group of sentences, some sentences start with the name of a person. If you see the **name of a person**, chances are high that, it would be the first sentence but not every time. So if you see the name of a person, **boldly eliminate the other sentences**.

Example:

• He was looking forward to start the business.

RULE 2: Search for the connecting words

If you see a sentence that start with <u>connecting words</u> such as and, but, then and some words, then we can be 100% sure that it must not be the <u>first sentence</u>.





Example:

• And, it has been in very good way to store the vegetables.

RULE 3: USAGE OF ARTICLES

Articles are of a great use in Para jumbles. The articles <u>'a' and 'an'</u>are indefinite articles whereas the article 'the' is called <u>definite article.</u>When these articles are used in the beginning, they are great to start a passage.

EXAMPLES:

• A boy and his friend were playing in the garden.

Rule 4: USAGE OF PRONOUNS

Pronouns such as <u>"he, she, they, it, him, her</u> are a great use for identifying the sentences in Para jumbles. The pronouns act as a great guide for Para jumbles. The pronouns denote the person who has been already introduced.

Examples:

• They gathered the death certificates from the parents, going back as many years as they could.

RULE 5: THE SECRET OF ELIMINATION METHOD

One of the last resort in Para jumble is the rule of <u>elimination method</u> and this is the best method to solve a <u>Para jumble.</u>

• One day a wealthy merchant sent his son's bicycle to the shop for repair.

PARA JUMBLED- TRICKS







Trick 1: Identify the opening sentence

The first thing that you need to do is to **identify the opening sentence of the paragraph**. If you can do that, then you will be able to fix at least one sentence in its position. The **opening sentence** generally introduces you to the topic.

Trick 2: Identify the closing sentence

The second step is to **identify the sentence with which the paragraph** could possibly close. This is actually a logical extension of the above point only and forms a continuation of the same.

Trick 3: Identify mandatory pairs

One of the most important methods to solve a para-jumble is to identify mandatory pairs. These are basically groupings which will occur in a defined order. Once you identify such pairs, all you need to do is co-relate them with the answer options, voila, your question is solved.

Trick 4: Identifying transition words

Transition words imply a shift from one idea to another in a paragraph. They function like logical connectors in sentences. Observing the transition words found in a sentence will lead you to the correct mandatory pair for the question. In fact, that is the role of transition words, to help you in identifying mandatory pairs.

Trick 5: Identify pronoun antecedents

Following are some of the personal pronouns that are used: <u>he, she, it, him, her, they, you, your</u>, etc. <u>Personal pronouns always refer to a person, place or thing</u> etc. Therefore, the use of personal pronoun in a sentence can imply that the person or thing being referred to was mentioned in a previous statement. This can provide you with important mandatory pairs.







PARA JUMBLED- SAMPLES QUESTIONS

TYPE 1:

- **A.** This includes looking after the children and doing all of the housework, which is fairlylaborintensive.
- **B.** A stereotype that has existed a long time is that females ought to stay home, taking care of the family once they got married.
- **C.** Nowadays an ever-increasing number of women work full time, and in this reality it is widely believed that house chores should be shared between men and women equally.
- **D.** One of the reasons for sharing housework between males and females is to promote gender equality.

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- A. CDBA
- B. BCDA
- C. ACDB
- **D.** ADCB
- E. DCBA

Answer: A

Explanation:

Nowadays an ever-increasing number of women work full time, and in this reality it is widely believed that house chores should be shared between men and women equally. One of the reasons for sharing housework between males and females is to promote gender equality. A stereotype that has existed a long time is that females ought to stay home, taking care of the family once they got married. This includes looking after the children and doing all of the housework, which is fairly labor-intensive.

TYPE 2:

Under this type you will be having a question with fixed opening and closing sentences. So in total there will be 6-7 sentence in the question out of which 2 are fixed. You need to rearrange the remaining ones only.

Opening sentences 1: Abundance of resources

- A. Punjab Technical University can make
- B. extra curriculum activities
- C. enough expenditure on
- D. Decides that







Closing sentences 2: the like Astronomy Club, Literature Club and Robotics Club

- A. QPRS
- B. SPRQ
- C. PQRS
- D. QSRP
- E. None of these

Answer: B

Explanation:

Correct sequence of the given statements is: Abundance of resources decides that the Punjab Technical University can make enough expenditure on extra curriculum activities like Astronomy Club, Literature Club and Robotics Club.

TYPE 3:

Under this type, questions will come after jumbling of sentences. In other words, there will be sentences which you need to rearrange first. After that you have to give answers of the questions. Let's understand the same with the help of an example.

Reorganize the below given 6 sentences in correct sequence to make a meaningful paragraph, answer the questions after rearranging it.

- **A.** The primary one lies in the fact that governments should take a firm stance and apply stringent rules and regulations to lower the speed limit.
- **B.** This situation could be remedied, provided some effective measures are taken.
- **C.** Measures to deal with this soaring concern are many; the most significant ones are not remote or complicated but accessible and practicable.
- **D.** This is the poorest disadvantage in our national character.
- **E.** One of the most conspicuous trends of today's world is a colossal surge in the number of such vehicle accidents as cars, trucks and buses, all over the world, be it in impoverished or developed nations.
- F. There is a wide range of factors that account for why this is happening.

Which of the following should be the fifth sentence in the paragraph?

- **A.** A
- **B.** B
- **c.** c
- **d.** D
- **E.** E

Answer:A







Explanation:

One of the most conspicuous trends of today's world is a colossal surge in the number of such vehicle accidents as cars, trucks and buses, all over the world, be it in impoverished or developed nations. There is a wide range of factors that account for why this is happening. This situation could be remedied, provided some effective measures are taken. Measures to deal with this soaring concern are many; the most significant ones are not remote or complicated but accessible and practicable. The primary one lies in the fact that governments should take a firm stance and apply stringent rules and regulations to lower the speed limit.

Directions (1 – 5):

In these questions, each passage consists of six sentences. The first and the sixth sentence are given in the beginning. The middle four sentences in each have been jumbled up. These are labelled P, Q, R and S. You are required to find out the proper sequence of the four sentences from the given alternatives (a), (b), (c) and (d).

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Question 1

- I. In 1945, America faced two powerful enemies in the world war.
- II. This was the weapon that ended the Second World War.

P: America found conventional weapons insufficient to crush them.

- **Q:** These were Germany and Japan who posed strong opposition to America.
- **R:** The result of this was the production of the atom bomb.
- **S**: The government ordered the scientists to conduct research and produce a new deadly weapon.
 - A. QPSR
 - B. PQRS
 - C. QPRS
 - D. PQSR

Answer:A

Question 2

I. Advertising is also advantageous to the consumers, if it increases the sale of goods, industry prospers and prices may be reduced.







P: There is no obvious connection, for example, between a picture of a smiling girl and a certain brand sweet.

Q: The advertiser's assumption is that by looking at such pictures, the consumer would be influenced to buy his products.

R: On the other hand, much of the canvassing, of which the consumer is the object, does not convey information but endeavors merely to draw the public attention to certain products.

S: But most people like looking at the pictures of pretty girls.

- A. RQSP
- B. SPRQ
- C. RPSQ
- D. SQRP

Answer: C

Question 3

- I. We are living in an age in which technology has suddenly 'annihilated distance.'
- II. In that event, we should be dooming ourselves to wipe each other out.

P: We have never been so conscious of our variety as we are now that we have come to such close quarters.

TM

Q: Physically, we are now all neighbors are, but psychologically, we are still the strangers to each other.

R: Are we going to let this consciousness of our variety make us fear and hate each other?

- A. QPSR
- B. QPRS
- C. PRQS
- D. SRPQ

Answer:B

Question 4

- I. Mom was pleased to receive your wishes on her birthday.
- II. Your Mom has forgotten all the bitterness and sends her blessings to you.

P:Girl! Wishes are more powerful than any other thing in the world.







- **Q:** Both of us had forgotten the day.
- **R:** Your letter holds a proof of it.

S: It was your letter and the card which reminded us of it.

- A. PSQR
- B. QRSP
- C. RQSP
- D. QSPR

Answer: D

Question 5

- I. A century ago, the cinema was just a mechanical toy.
- II. Finally, it has evolved as the century's most potent and versatile art form.

ТΜ

- **P:** Thus, it gained respectability and acceptance.
- Q: It gradually came to be considered as an art form of the new era.
- R: By the 1920s, even its worst critics had to take it seriously.
- S: Later, it was viewed as an extension of photography.
 - A. PQRS
 - B. SQRP
 - C. SPQR
 - D. QRSP

Answer: D

Directions (6-10):

Rearrange the following four sentences (A), (B), (C) and (D) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph then mark the correct sequence as your answer.

A: It also gives rise to a feeling of animosity among the different sections of the society.

B: In a democratic system, frequent use of po

C: Therefore, citizens should never resort to violent ways and means in democracy, though they have the right to oppose the government.

D: It destroys the stability and security in public life. The proper sequence should be

A. DBAC







- B. BDAC
- **C.** BDCA
- **D.** DACB

Answer: B

Question 6

A: He was so busy with them that he did not get time to eat.

B: Thousands of people came to him and asked different types of questions.

C: No one cared to see that he had his food or rest that night.

D:Swami Vivekananda once stayed in a small village. The proper sequence should be



A: The facts speak for themselves so, they need exposition only, not demonstration.

B: At the present moment, it is widely recognized that India holds the balance in the world-wide competition between rival ideologies.

C: It is not, of course, only in geographical sense that India is in a key position.

D: India's key position simply needs pointing out. The proper sequence should be

- A. DACB
- B. CDAB
- C. BCDA
- D. BDAC

Answer: C

Question 9

A: This feeling of an extensive group gives rise to a fellow feeling, a feeling of brotherhood amongst the citizens.







B: This feeling takes up beyond the bounds of family, caste, religion as well as region and helps us to develop a broad perspective that all of us together constitute an extensive group called 'the nation'.

C: National integration is the feeling among all the citizens of a country that they all are part of one nation.

D: We do not, then, limit our thinking to our own caste or religion but think about all our fellow citizens.

- A. CDAB
- B. CABD
- C. CDBA
- D. CBAD
- Answer:D

Question 10

A: The peasant, the shoemaker, the sweeper and such other lower classes of India have much greater capacity for work and self-reliance than you.

B: Remember that the nation lives in the cottage.

C: They are producing the entire wealth of the land without a word of complaint.

D: This process of production is going through long ages. The proper sequence should be

- A. BDAC
- B. BDCA
- C. DCBA
- D. BACD

Answer:D

Directions (11-15):

In questions 11 to 15, there are six sentences marked as S1, S6,P, Q, R, S. The positions of S1 and S6 are fixed as the first and last sentence of the passage. You are required to choose one of the four alternatives given below every passage, which would be most logical sequence of the sentences in the passage.

Question 11

I. His wrist watch had gone out of order.







II. His estimate appeared reasonable.

P: He took it to a watch repairer.

Q: He gave an idea of the likely cost of the replacement based on the examination of the watch.

R: He found that some parts needed replacement.

S: The repairer opened the outer case and checked the parts

- A. PQSR
- B. RQSP
- **C.** PSRQ
- D. RPSQ

Answer:C

Question 12

- I. Now-a-days, soap is going almost out of use as a washing agent.
- II. There are better washing agents than soap, but scientists are not yet sure if their use is harmless to man.

P: They produce lather due to the presence of calcium salts in water.

Q: Its place has been occupied by a new range of chemicals, called detergents.

R: So, they are called soap less soaps.

S: Detergents are not soaps because they are not sodium or potassium derivatives of fatty acids, as a normal soap is.

- A. SQRP
- B. QSRP
- C. SQPR
- D. QPRS

Answer:D

Question 13

- I. Our house is high up on the Yorkshire coast and close to the sea.
- II. Between the two, shifting backwards and forwards at certain seasons of the year, lies the most horrible quicksand on the shores of Yorkshire.

P: One is called the North spit and another the South.







Q: The sand hills here run down to the sea and end in two stretches of rock, sticking out

opposite to each other.

R: This one leads through a dark plantation of fir-trees and brings you out between low cliffs to the loneliest and ugliest little bay on all our coasts.

S: There are beautiful walls all around us in every direction except one.

- A. SQRP
- B. QSPR
- C. QPSR
- D. SRQP

Answer:D

Question 14

- I. Unhappiness and discontent spring not only from poverty. TM
- II. We suffer from sickness of spirit and hence, we should discover our roots in the eternal.

P: Man is a strange creature, fundamentally different from other animals.

Q: If they are undeveloped and unsatisfied, he may have all the comforts of the wealth, but still feel that life is not worthwhile.

R: He has far horizons, invariable hopes, spiritual powers.

S: What is missing in our age is the soul, there is nothing wrong with the body.

- A. PRQS
- B. SPRQ
- C. SPQR
- D. PRSQ

Answer:B

Question 15

- I. Before we left Bareilly jail, a little incident took place which moved me then and is still fresh in my memory.
- II. This spontaneous act of courtesy and the kindly thought that prompted; it touched me and I felt very grateful to him.

P: He told me the packet contained old German illustrated magazines.







Q: The Superintendent of Police of Bareilly, an Englishman, was present there, and as I got into the car, he handed to me, rather shyly, a packet.

R: I had never met him before, nor have I seen him since and I do not even know his name.

S: He said that he had heard that I was learning German and so, he had bought these magazines for me.

- A. RQPS
- B. QPSR
- C. QPRS
- D. RQSP

Answer: C

Directions (16-20):

Rearrange the following six sentence (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph then answer the question given below them.

- **A.** On touring the whole world and finding no couple who was perfectly happy, the young couple understood that it is very difficult to find perfect happiness anywhere in the world.
- **B.** There was a young couple who led a very happy life together.
- **C.** One day, they heard that a wise old man had come to town; he could solve all kinds of problems and guide people.
- **D.** The wise old man told them; "Travel around the world and seek a man and a woman who are perfectly happy as a couple".
- **E.** So the couple decided to visit the wise old man and tell him their worry.
- **F.** The only things that they worried about was, whether their happiness would last forever or would they too have to face problems.

Question 16

Which of the following should be the LAST(SIXTH) sentence after rearrangement?

- **A.** A
- **B.** B
- **C.** D
- **D.** E
- **E.** F

Answer: A

Question 17

Which of the following should be the THIRD sentence after rearrangement?





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- **A.** A
- **B.** B
- **C.** C
- **D.** D
- **E.** E

Answer: C

Question 18

Which of the following should be the FOURTH sentence after rearrangement?

- **A.** B
- **B.** C
- **C.** D
- **D.** E
- **E.** F

Answer: D

Question 19

Which of the following should be the SECOND sentence after rearrangement?

- **A.** A
- **B.** B
- **C.** C
- **D.** D
- **E.** F

Answer: E

Question 20

Which of the following should be the FIRST sentence after rearrangement?

- **A.** A
- **B.** B
- **C.** C
- **D.** D
- **E.** E

Answer: B





Directions (21-25):

Rearrange the following six sentence (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph then answer the question given below them.

- **A.** All of a sudden the mother duck saw a fox in the distance was frightened and shouted "children, hurry to the lake, there's a fox!"
- **B.** The mother duck ran leading the fox away from the lake and as soon as the fox came very close the mother duck quickly spread her wings and rose up in the air
- **C.** The ducklings hurried towards the lake and the mother duck began to walk back and forth dragging one wing on the ground
- D. A mother duck and her little ducklings were on their way to the lake one
- **E.** The fox stared in disbelief at the mother duck and her ducklings as he could not reach the ducklings because they were in the middle of the lake by now
- **F.** When the fox saw-her he became happy as he thought that the mother duck was hurt and couldn't fly and that he could easily catch and eat her!

TM

Question 21

Which of the following should be the FIRST sentence after rearrangement?

A. A	
B. B	
C. C	
D. D	
E. E	
Answer: D	

Question 22

Which of the following should be the SECOND sentence after rearrangement?

- **A.** A
- **B.** B
- **c.** c
- **d.** D
- **E.** F

Answer: A

Question 23







Which of the following should be the THIRD sentence after rearrangement?

- **A.** A
- **B.** B
- **C.** C
- **D.** D
- **E.** E

Answer: C

Question 24

Which of the following should be the FOURTH sentence after rearrangement?

A. B B. C C. D D. E E. F Answer: E

Which of the following should be the LAST(SIXTH) sentence after rearrangement?

- **A.** A
- **B.** B
- **c.** D
- **D.** E
- **E.** F

Answer: D

Directions (26-30):

Rearrange the following sentences in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph then answer the following questions.

- **A.** Only so long as he is unaware of, and separated from, this fountain of wisdom can he find himself in ignorance and confusion.
- **B.** Happiness, wisdom and creativity are characteristics of the absolute state of Being, which is Pure Consciousness.
- C. He has tremendous potentialities for creation.







- **D.** This absolute Bliss Consciousness is the veritable source of man, and there need be neither dullness nor apathy in the life of any individual man, for he is born of wisdom.
- **E.** There is no reason for man to be dull and uncreative.
- **F.** He is born to enjoy, not to suffer.
- **G.** Aman shivers in the cold of the verandah simply because he is not enjoying the warmth of the living room.

TM

Question 26

26. Which would be the second sentence after Rearrangement?

- **A.** B
- **B.** A
- **C.** D
- **D.** F
- **E.** E

Answer: D

Question 27

Which would be the Fifth sentence after Rearrangement?

- **A.** F
- **B.** A
- **C.** D
- **D.** E
- **E.** B

Answer: E

Question 28

Which would be the First sentence after Rearrangement?

- **Α.** Ε
- **B.** A
- **C.** C
- **D.** D
- **E.** B

Answer: B

Question 29







Which would be the Third sentence after Rearrangement?

- **A.** E
- **B.** F
- **C.** D
- **D.** A
- **E.** C

Answer: A

Question 30

Which would be Fourth sentence after Rearrangement?



Rearrange the following sentences in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph then answer the following questions.

- **A.** But, before zika does its veni, vidi and vici in India, microcephaly phenomenon linked with it reminds me of another epidemic season that is already here; because, just like zika, this epidemic causes even more serious microcephaly, albeit metaphoric one.
- **B.** Zika virus is capturing global attention lately because of microcephaly it appears to be causing in infants.
- **C.** As we have robust populations of aedes aegypti mosquito thriving in our densely populated cities, zika is bound to produce newsworthy headlines this season in India too.
- **D.** Once the epidemic of NEET, JEE etc. passes through a generation, just like zika virus, it too ends up causing wide-spread neurological damages, as it has shown diabolic capability of wiping out ability to think from human brains.
- **E.** Every year, around this time of the year, a generation of young brains is struck by a man-made malaise we call competitive examination system of India.







Question 31

Which is the Fourth sentence after Rearrangement?

- **Α.** Ε
- **B.** F
- **C.** C
- **D.** B
- **E.** A

Answer: E

Question 32

ТМ

32. Which is the First sentence after Rearrangement?

- **A.** F
- **B.** A
- **C.** E
- **D.** B
- **E.** C

Answer: B

Question 33

Which is the Fifth sentence after Rearrangement?

- **A.** B
- **B.** A
- **C.** F
- **D.** E
- **E.** D





Answer: D

Question 34

Which is the Second sentence after Rearrangement?

- **Α.** Ε
- **B.** A
- **C.** C
- **D.** E
- **E.** D

Answer: C

Question 35

TM

Which is the Third sentence after Rearrangement?

- **A.** A
- **B.** B
- **C.** D
- **D.** E
- **E.** C

Answer: A

Directions (36-40):

Rearrange the following sentences in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph then answer the following questions.

- A. Behind each problem, there is a means to surmount it, too.
- **B.** When we encounter problems in life, we must not allow them to overwhelm us.
- C. Understanding this, we must continue striving.
- **D.** Or, we could empower the mind to accept whatever happens as God's will.
- E. Only then can we move ahead.
- F. We must regard the obstacles as consequences of actions done in a past life.
- **G.** If not, we won't find even one trouble-free moment in life.







Question 36

Which would be the second sentence after Rearrangement?

- **A.** B
- **B.** A
- **C.** D
- **D.** F
- **E.** E

Answer: A

Question 37

Which would be the Fifth sentence after Rearrangement?



Question 38

Which would be the First sentence after Rearrangement?

- **Α.** Ε
- **B.** A
- **c.** c
- **D.** D
- **E.** B

Answer: B

Question 39

Which would be the Third sentence after Rearrangement?

Α. Ε









B. F

- **C.** D
- **D.** A
- **E.** C

Answer: C

Question 40

40. Which would be Fourth sentence after Rearrangement?

- **A.** B
- **B.** F
- **C.** C
- **D.** E
- **E.** A

Answer: F

Directions (41-45):

Rearrange the following sentences in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph then answer the following questions.

- **A.** We infer that a person is conscious as long as some or all of his sense organs are active.
- B. The dictionary meaning of consciousness is "to be aware of things happening outside".
- C. In the spiritual domain, consciousness has a different connotation and meaning.
- **D.** They proclaim that consciousness is the life force of our gross manifestation and we are declared dead when consciousness is withdrawn.
- **E.** Upanishads have clearly identified consciousness as a separate entity from our gross manifestation of body, mind and intellect including the sense organs.

Question 41

Which is the Fourth sentence after Rearrangement?

- **A.** E
- **B.** D
- **C.** C
- **D.** B
- **E.** A





Answer: E



Question 42

Which is the First sentence after Rearrangement?

- **A.** F
- **B.** A
- **C.** E
- **D.** B
- **E.** C

Answer: B

Question 43



Question 44

Which is the Second sentence after Rearrangement?

- **Α.** Ε
- **B.** A
- **C.** C
- **D.** E
- **E.** D

Answer: A

Question 45

Which is the Third sentence after Rearrangement?







- **A.** A
- **B.** B
- **c.** D
- **D.** E
- **E.** C

Answer: C

Directions (46-50):

Rearrange the following sentences in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph then answer the following questions.

- A. It is a tangible reality and has its own decisive action.
- **B.** Truth is not a concept.
- **C.** It is present in every atom of the universe and is continuously evolving in new forms.
- **D.** The Truth is the next summit in the evolution of humanity.
- **E.** It represents a new level of consciousness and its continuous descent guarantees our planet a glorious destiny.

TM

F. In a vivid sense, the Truth is Transformation.

Question 46

Which would be the second sentence after Rearrangement?

- **A.** B
- **B.** A
- **C.** D
- **D.** F
- **E.** E

Answer: C

Question 47

Which would be the Fifth sentence after Rearrangement?

- **A.** F
- **B.** A
- **c.** D
- **D.** C
- **E.** B





Answer: B

Question 48

Which would be the First sentence after Rearrangement?

- **Α.** Ε
- **B.** A
- **C.** C
- **D.** D
- **E.** B

Answer: F

Question 49

Which would be the Third sentence after Rearrangement? TM		
A. E		
B. F		
C. D		
D. A		
E. C		
Answer: E		

Question 50

Which would be Fourth sentence after Rearrangement?

- **A.** B
- **B.** D
- **C.** C
- **D.** E
- **E.** A

Answer: A



















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