



Syndicate Bank

Probationary Officers Objective Test Practice Set - 1

Reasoning Ability

Directions (1 - 5): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions:

A group of eight persons— A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H – are sitting in a straight line facing towards north direction. Each of them has different car— Toyota, Renault, Tata, Mahindra, Maruti, Ford, Audi and Honda but not necessarily in the same order. Each of the car is of different colours viz. Pink, Yellow, Red, Black, Blue, Orange, White and Green, but not necessarily in the same order.

A has Maruti car and he sits third to the left of F. Neither A nor F sits at the extreme ends of the line. E has Pink colour Tata car. E is not an immediate neighbour of either A and F. H sits second to right of C and he has Orange colour car. C has red colour Audi car. G has Toyota car of white colour and he sits at an extreme end of the line. B has Mahindra car of green colour and he sits on the immediate left of A. A does not have Blue and Yellow colour car. One who has Honda car sits on the immediate left of the one who has Toyota car. F has Renault car. F does not have Yellow colour car.

1. How many persons sit between B and F?

- (a) One
- (b) Three
- (c) Two
- (d) Five
- (e) None of these

2. H has which of the following car?

- (a) Toyota
- (b) Maruti(c) Audi
- (d) Honda
- (e) None of these

3. Who is third to left to G?

- (a) E
- (b) B
- (c) A
- (d) C
- (e) None of these

4. Who among the following has Ford car?

- (a) A
- (b) C
- (c) B
- (d) D
- (e) None of these

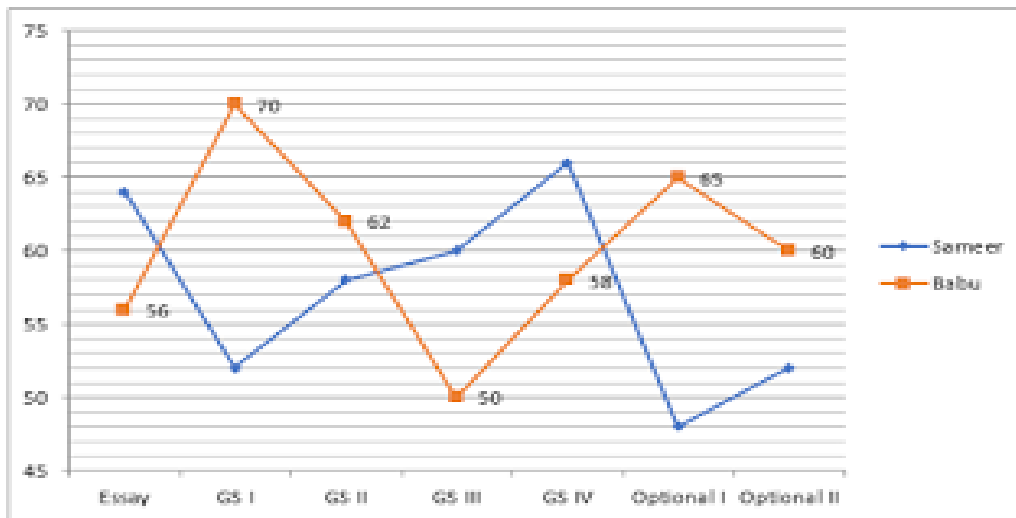
5. If E is related to D and B is related to C, in the same way C is related to?

- (a) G
- (b) E
- (c) D
- (d) B
- (e) None of these

Quantitative Aptitude

Directions (1 - 5): The following pie chart shows the percentage distribution of marks obtained by Sameer and Babu in Mains exams of UPSC constituting of seven papers of equal maximum marks. It is known that Babu obtained 50 marks more in GS I paper than GS III paper.

Study the chart carefully to answer the questions asked below:



1. Find the difference in the marks obtained by Sameer in GS I and GS II papers together and that by Babu in Optional I and Optional II papers together.

- (a) 36.5
- (b) 32.8
- (c) 37.5
- (d) 38
- (e) None of these

2. By what percent the total marks obtained by Babu in Essay is more or less than that Sameer in GS II? (Approximately)

- (a) 1.6%
- (b) 5.2%
- (c) 4.8%
- (d) 3.4%

(e) 2.8%

3. Find the overall percentage of marks scored by Babu.

(a) 58.5%

(b) 60.14%

(c) 65.21%

(d) 62.82%

(e) 59.32%

4. In Optional I paper Sameer was unable to clear the cutoff by only 5 marks. Find by what percent the cutoff marks in Optional I paper is less than marks obtained by Babu in GS II paper.

(a) 18.5%

(b) 17.2%

(c) 15.8%

(d) 20.4%

(e) 19.4%

5. Find the ratio of marks obtained by Sameer in Essay, GS IV and Optional II together and that by Babu in GS III, GS I and Optional I together?

(a) 182 : 185

(b) 181 : 183

(c) 17 : 19

(d) 18 : 19

(e) None of these

English Language

Directions (1 - 5): In the sentence below a word is given as blank, below the sentence five words/group of words are suggested, one of which can replace the blank. Find the appropriate word/group of words in each case.

Two pieces in particular _____(1) the range of issues covered by the Journal. In a package of articles on the 1973 Endangered Species Act, Gardner Brown Jr. and Jason Shogren, professors at the Universities of Washington and Wyoming respectively make a plea for reforming the act with sound economic _____(2) in mind. The authors are sensitive to the charge by some environmentalists that economists know the price of everything and the value of nothing. But saving all species at any cost, they say, may undervalue other priorities such as employment or even other environmental concern. Elsewhere in this issue, New York University economist Edward Wolff presents an _____(3) of new data from the Federal Reserve's Survey of Consumer Finances on wealth distribution in the United States. The data confirms a decline in mean and median household wealth between 1983 and 1995 as well as a greater concentration of wealth in the highest percentiles of the US population. Wolff _____(4) much of the disparity, already the highest in the industrialized world, on the rise in the price of financial assets, a product of the prolonged bubble dominating the stock exchanges. Although this issue concentrates on US public policy, the globalization of policy sciences means that other countries closely watch American initiatives. It is unfortunate that the Journal of Economic _____(5) is not offered independently (subscriptions require membership); because it represents the best in policy analysis today.

1.

- a) Obscure
- b) Conceal
- c) Evince
- d) Illustrate

2.

- a) Ethic
- b) Prescript
- c) Ambiguity
- d) Principles

3.

- a) Scarcity
- b) Profusion
- c) Abundance
- d) Dearth

4.

- a) Reproach
- b) Disfavor
- c) Compliment
- d) Blames

5.

- a) Overview
- b) Viewpoint
- c) Perspective
- d) Reform

General Awareness

1. On the banks of which river is the Jamshedpur, the steel city of India, situated?

- (a) Tapti
- (b) Narmada
- (c) Subarnarekha
- (d) Hooghly
- (e) Ganga

2. Shivkasi in Tamil Nadu is famous for which industry?

- (a) Glass
- (b) Leather
- (c) Diamond
- (d) Fireworks
- (e) Textile

3. In which union territory of India, would you meet the people of the Onge tribe?

- (a) Daman and Diu
- (b) Lakshadweep
- (c) Dadra and Nagar Haveli
- (d) Andaman and Nicobar Islands
- (e) None of the above

4. On 1st July 1997, where was India's first Science City inaugurated?

- (a) Mumbai
- (b) Bengaluru
- (c) Hyderabad
- (d) Bhopal
- (e) Kolkata

5. Who was popularly known as the 'Lady with the Lamp'?

- (a) Mother Teresa
- (b) Sister Nivedita
- (c) Florence Nightingale
- (d) The Mother (Mirra Alfassa)
- (e) None of the above